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ONE WORD SUBSTITUTION

Directions: In question nos.1 to 250, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words/sentence and choose the appropriate alternative which best expresses the sentences.

1. A person who spends his money recklessly.

- (A) miser (B) frugal
(C) economic (D) Spendthrift

2. A person who lives by himself.

- (A) Recluse (B) memoir
(C) menace (D) menagerie

3. A person sent on a mission (usually official).

- (A) Menial (B) mentor
(C) Emissary (D) agog

4. A person who is indifferent to pleasure or pain.

- (A) Stoic (B) glutton
(C) onerous (D) petulant

5. One who makes an eloquent public speech.

- (A) arbitrator (B) Orator
(C) erudite (D) dilettante

6. One who is given to questioning the truth of facts and the soundness of inferences.

- (A) enervate (B) inebriated
(C) puerile (D) Skeptic.

7. One who knows everything.

- (A) omniscient (B) omnipotent
(C) omnivores (D) omnipresent.

8. Not being able to be elected or selected under the rules.

- (A) indisputable (B) ineligible
(C) indecent (D) undercover

9. One who has belief in the existence of God.

- (A) Theist (B) Atheist
(C) warmonger (D) irate

10. One who believes in fate

- (A) catalyst (B) fanatic
(C) fatalist (D) fastidious

11. One who lends money at exorbitant rates of interest.

- (A) lender (B) victor
(C) despondent (D) Usurer

12. A general pardon of political offenders.

- (A) Amnesty (B) amnasty
(C) amanasty (D) anxiety

13. Fond of entertaining guests.

- (A) hospice (B) hostility

- (C) hospitable (D) hostile

14. One who totally abstains from alcoholic drinks.

- (A) ascetic (B) stalker
(C) venom (D) Teetotaler

15. The killing of human beings.

- (A) Patricide (B) Matricide
(C) Fratricide (D) Homicide

16. A man whose manners are more like those of a woman.

- (A) effeminate (B) feminist
(C) chauvinist (D) bigot

17. A medicine to counteract the effect of poison.

- (A) anecdote (B) antidote
(C) anti norm (D) avarice

18. The motive merely to get money.

- (A) missionary (B) sinecure
(C) amalgam (D) Mercenary

19. Existing for ever-without any beginning or end.

- (A) ephemeral (B) Eternal
(C) external (D) vandal

20. Property inherited from one's father or ancestors.

- (A) matrimony (B) harmony
(C) symphony (D) Patrimony

21. Give tit for tat.

- (A) retaliate (B) recover
(C) rewind (D) repartee

22. The cessation of warfare before a treaty is signed.

- (A) sacrifice (B) edifice
(C) legalise (D) Armistice

23. Compulsory enlistment for military or other services.

- (A) conscription (B) circumscription
(C) description (D) repercussion

24. The absence of government in a country.

- (A) monarchy (B) anarchy
(C) patriarchy (D) autocracy

25. Government by the representatives of the people.

- (A) Democracy (B) Bureaucracy
(C) Autocracy (D) mobocracy

26. A person who writes decoratively

- (A) Calligrapher (B) seam
(C) Choreographer (D) Cartographer

27. A person who loves mankind

- (A) misanthrope (B) anthropologist
(C) philanthropist (D) mercenary

28. Capable of being interpreted in two ways

- (A) baffling (B) blurred
(C) ambiguous (D) ambivert

29. One who has narrow and prejudiced religious views

- (A) spiritual (B) fanatic
(C) bigot (D) god-fearing

30. The action of looking within or into one's own mind

- (A) inspection (B) theory test
(C) introspection (D) introvert

31. A sweet music.

- (A) lullaby (B) melody
(C) folk song (D) duo

32. A place where everything is perfect.

- (A) paradise (B) team
(C) space (D) utopia

33. Decision that cannot be taken back.

- (A) irrevocable (B) unyielding
(C) organize (D) concise

34. Fear of strangers.

- (A) zoophobia (B) hydrophobia
(C) xenophobia (D) whoopee

35. Physical features of an area.

- (A) geography (B) sociology
(C) contour (D) topography

36. Scientific study of fungi.

- (A) mycology (B) botany
(C) physiology (D) zoology

37. A funeral bell.

- (A) knell (B) replica
(C) premium (D) call

38. A person who is pure and clean.

- (A) immaculate (B) painstaking
(C) uncontaminated (D) irrevocable

39. A person who has just started learning.

- (A) neophyte (B) foreman
(C) supervisor (D) apparent

40. A person who is appointed by two parties to solve a dispute.

- (A) judge (B) arbitrator
(C) advocate (D) barrister

41. Impossible to describe

- (A) astounding (B) Ineffable
(C) Stupendous (D) horrendous

42. One who criticises popular beliefs which he thinks is mistaken or unwise

- (A) Philistine (B) Iconoclast
(C) charlatan (D) Cannibal

43. One who hides away on a ship to obtain a free passage.

- (A) Compositor (B) Stoker
(C) Stowaway (D) Shipwright

44. Clues available at a scene

- (A) Circumstantial (B) derivative
(C) inferential (D) suggestive

45. An emolument over and above fixed income or salary.

- (A) Honorarium (B) Sinecure
(C) Perquisite (D) Prerogative

46. The animals of a particular region.

- (A) Flora (B) Museum
(C) Zoo (D) Fauna

47. A person who is physically dependent on a substance.

- (A) Criminal (B) Martyr
(C) Gladiator (D) Addict

48. A child born after the death of its father is called.

- (A) A deprived child (B) An orphan
(C) A posthumous child (D) A waif

49. A legal agreement by which a person borrows money from a bank usually to buy a house.

- (A) Document (B) Mortgage
(C) Lease (D) Invoice

50. Failing to discharge one's duty.

- (A) Debacle (B) Dereliction
(C) Determination (D) Deterrent

51. A movement of part of the body to express an idea or feeling.

- (A) Jibe (B) Gesture
(C) Pose (D) Mimicry

52. To surround a place with the intention of capturing it

- (A) Bivouac (B) Besiege
(C) Invade (D) Intern

53. To send back a person to one's country

- (A) Repatriate (B) Expatriate
(C) Migrate (D) Emigrate

54. One who is opposed to intellectual progress

- (A) Impostor (B) Chaperon
(C) Prospector (D) Obscurant

55. A woman with dark brown hair

- (A) Blonde (B) Brunette
(C) Termagant (D) Coiffure

56. One who has special skill in judging art, music, tastes, etc.

- (A) Connoisseur (B) Raconteur
(C) Sybarite (D) Amateur

57. One who devotes his life to the welfare and the interests of other people

- (A) Minion (B) Martyr
(C) Altruist (D) Fugitive

58. A place where animals are kept alive, and nearly as possible as in their natural state

- (A) Vivarium (B) Orchard
(C) Paddock (D) Zoo

59. One who hates mankind

- (A) Misanthropist (B) Misnomer
(C) Misogynist (D) Philanthropist

60. The period between two reigns

- (A) Interregnum (B) Interval
(C) Interdict (D) Intercept

61. One who walks in one's sleep.

- (A) dreamer (B) somnambulist
(C) neomatic (D) ignorant

62. A place where money is coined.

- (A) mint (B) press
(C) treasury (D) bank

63. The house of an Eskimo.

- (A) hamlet (B) downy
(C) igloo (D) hut

64. One who collects postage stamp.

- (A) philatelist (B) stamp collector
(C) vendor (D) lexicographer

65. What cannot be heard.

- (A) inaudible (B) audible
(C) unheard (D) ineffaceable

66. A poem of mourning.

- (A) elegy (B) sonnet
(C) lyric (D) epic

67. A game in which no one wins.

- (A) abandoned (B) drawn
(C) postponed (D) obsolete

68. Too much official formality.

- (A) delayed (B) officiousness
(C) formality (D) red tapism

69. One who knows many languages.

- (A) linguist (B) polyglot
(C) stylist (D) debator

70. That which can be carried.

- (A) portable (B) edible
(C) potable (D) bearable

71. A person who wishes to throw over all establishments.

- (A) anarchist (B) hooligan
(C) criminal (D) rebel

72. A person who is bad in spelling.

- (A) cacographist (B) linguist
(C) calligraphist (D) pedant

73. A person leaving his native country to settle in another.

- (A) immigrant (B) emigrant
(C) traveller (D) nomad

74. A person who is always dissatisfied.

- (A) heresy (B) malcontent
(C) felon (D) surrogate

75. A person who enters without any invitation.

- (A) thief (B) burglar
(C) vandal (D) intruder

76. A person who is talkative.

- (A) garrulous (B) faithful
(C) client (D) egoist

77. One who cuts precious stones.

- (A) lapidist (B) philatelist
(C) jeweller (D) drover

78. A hospital for recuperation or for the treatment of chronic diseases

- (A) sanatorium (B) asylum
(C) funny farm (D) bedlam

79. A professional rider in horse races

- (A) horse rider (B) jockey
(C) screw (D) rider

80. One who champions the cause of women

- (A) lover (B) beloved
(C) feminist (D) womanizer

81. To confirm with the help of evidence

- (A) corroborate (B) implicate
(C) designate (D) extricate

82. One who is a dabbler in arts, science or literature:

- (A) Dilettante (B) Aesthete
(C) Maestro (D) Connoisseur

83. The time between midnight and noon:

- (A) Afternoon (B) Antipodes
(C) Ante – meridiem (D) Antenatal

84. Still existing and known :

- (A) Extent (B) Extant
(C) Eternal (D) Immanent

85. Fear of height:

- (A) Agoraphobia (B) Hydrophobia
(C) Acrophobia (D) Pyrophobia

86. The highest point

- (A) zenith (B) height
(C) zeal (D) ridge

87. Feeling inside you which tells you what is right and what is wrong :

- (A) cleverness (B) conscience
(C) consciousness (D) fear

88. Release of a prisoner from jail on certain terms and condition

- (A) Parole (B) Parley
(C) Pardon (D) Acquittal

89. Loss of memory

- (A) Ambrosia (B) Amnesia
(C) Insomnia (D) Forgetting

90. To struggle helplessly

- (A) Flounder (B) Founder
(C) Fumble (D) Finger

91. A man who hates marriage

- (A) polyandrist (B) bigot
(C) misogamist (D) widower

92. Thick skinned animal

- (A) pachyderm (B) prehensile
(C) monotreme (D) hand-skinned

93. Cow - like

- (A) aquiline (B) bovine
(C) feline (D) vulpine

94. The words with opposite meanings used together

- (A) oxymoron (B) irony
(C) pun (D) alliteration

95. Specialist of kidney

- (A) nephrologist (B) paediatrist
(C) orthopaedist (D) oncologist

96. One who cannot speak

- (A) deaf (B) dumb
(C) visionless (D) lame

97. Pertaining to cattle

- (A) Canine (B) Feline
(C) Bovine (D) Verminous

98. To look at someone in an angry or threatening way

- (A) Glower (B) Gnaw
(C) Gnash (D) Grind

99. A post with little work but high salary

- (A) Director (B) Trustee
(C) Sinecure (D) Ombudsman

100. Something that causes death

- (A) Dangerous (B) Fatal
(C) Brutal (D) Horrible

101. A person who has no money to pay off his debts

- (A) Insolvent (B) Poor
(C) Destitute (D) Pauper

102. Words uttered impiously about God

- (A) amoral (B) philosophy
(C) logic (D) blasphemy

103. A number of ships.

- (a) fleet (b) galaxy
(c) constellation (d) group

104. One who compiles a dictionary

- (A) geographer (B) lexicographer
(C) lapidist (D) linguist

105. A test in which cells from diseased organs are removed and tested

- (A) Biopsy (B) Autopsy
(C) Operation (D) Amputation

106. A small room in a big house, hotel, ship etc. where glasses, dishes, spoons, food etc. are kept.

- (A) Portico (B) Pantry
(C) Mezzanine (D) Kitchen

107. A foreigner who settles in a country.

- (A) Immigrant (B) Emigrant
(C) Alien (D) Visitor

108. Doing something according to one's own free will.

- (A) Willfully (B) Obligingly
(C) Voluntarily (D) Compulsorily

109. Place that provides refuge

- (A) shelter (B) house
(C) country (D) asylum

110. A person who gambles or bets

- (A) punter (B) backer
(C) customer (D) client

111. Art of writing for newspapers and magazines

- (A) Literature (B) Journalism
(C) Biography (D) Artistry

112. An abandoned child of unknown parents who is found by somebody.

- (A) Foundling (B) Sibling
(C) Urchin (D) Orphan

113. Parts of a country behind the coast or a river bank.

- (A) Swamps (B) Marshes
(C) Hinterland (D) Isthmuses

114. A written statement about someone's character, usually provided by an employer

- (A) testimonial (B) memorandum
(C) certificate (D) license

115. One who does not make mistakes

- (A) Pessimist (B) Optimist
(C) Infallible (D) Hypocrite

116. Able to use the left hand and right hand equally well

- (A) ambivert (B) ambidextrous
(C) ambivalent (D) ambitious

117. One who hates women

- (A) philanthropist (B) ascetic
(C) misogynist (D) misogynist

118. a system of naming things

- (A) horticulture (B) miniature
(C) genocide (D) nomenclature

119. A raised passageway in a building

- (A) walkway (B) walkout
(C) walkabout (D) walkover

120. A cure for all diseases

- (A) laxative (B) panacea
(C) antidote (D) purgative

121. Murder of a brother

- (A) Patricide (B) Fratricide
(C) Homicide (D) Parricide

122. One who is filled with excessive and mistaken enthusiasm about his religion

- (A) Fatalist (B) Lunatic
(C) Fanatic (D) Stoic

123. A list of items to be transacted at a meeting

- (A) Menu (B) Agenda
(C) Minutes (D) Records

124. An involuntary action under a stimulus is described as a

- (A) complex (B) reflex

- (C) reflection (D) response

125. A continuous process of change is known as

- (A) transformation (B) metamorphosis
(C) flux (D) dynamism

126. The use of many words where only a few are necessary.

- (A) circumlocution (B) circumspection
(C) circumscription (D) circumvention

127. Circular building or hall with a dome.

- (A) edifice (B) palace
(C) rotunda (D) spire

128. One who is a citizen not of a country but of the world.

- (A) Bohemian (B) Cosmopolitan
(C) Philanthropist (D) Internationalist

129. An order requiring a person to attend a court.

- (A) Courtship (B) Agreement
(C) Subpoena (D) Command

130. An imaginary name assumed by an author for disguise.

- (A) Facsimile (B) Surname
(C) Alias (D) Pseudonym

131. An extreme fear of being in a small confined place.

- (A) Hydrophobia (B) Paraphernalia
(C) Claustrophobia (D) Progeria

132. An inscription on a tomb.

- (A) epitaph (B) crypt
(C) obituary (D) legacy

133. Allowance due to a wife from her husband on separation.

- (A) patrimony (B) antimony
(C) parsimony (D) alimony

134. Practice of employing spies in war.

- (A) Esplanade (B) Espionage
(C) Espadrille (D) Estrangement

135. A fixed territory in which authority can be exercised.

- (A) Jurisdiction (B) judiciary
(C) jurisprudence (D) juristic

136. An appearance of objects often simulating the appearance of water:

- (A) image (B) mirage
(C) reflection (D) refraction

137. The art of making fireworks :

- (A) Chromatics (B) Numismatics
(C) Pyrotechnics (D) Cosmetics

138. Give off bubbles of gas :

- (A) efface (B) effervesce

(C) effloresce (D) effuse

139. A system of governance controlled by persons of high intellectual ability :

(A) oligarchy (B) democracy
(C) meritocracy (D) snobbery

140. Sudden and violent change :

(A) Cataclysm (B) Catalysis
(C) Catacombs (D) Catechism

141. A small waterfall or group of waterfalls flowing down a Rocky hill side is called :

(A) Hurricane (B) Stream
(C) Volcano (D) Cascade

142. One who eats human flesh

(A) non-vegetarian (B) vegetarian
(C) cannibal (D) man-eater

143. Instrument which records earth's tremor:

(A) jurisprudence (B) Geographer
(C) Seismograph (D) Barometer

144. The practice of a woman having more than one husband at the same time:

(A) Polygamy (B) Polyphony
(C) Polyandry (D) Polygyny

145. Specializes in nose diseases :

(A) Otologist (B) Rhinologist
(C) Endocrinologist (D) Gerontologist

146. Boundary of an area

(A) Porch (B) Periphery
(C) Balcony (D) Verandah

147. A war of religions

(A) Calligraphy (B) Contraband
(C) Cavalry (D) Crusade

148. The Government by the nobility

(A) Bureaucracy (B) Aristocracy
(C) Autocracy (D) Oligarchy

149. To store and stock

(A) Hail (B) Hide
(C) Hoard (D) Horde

150. Study of relations of organisms to one another and to their surroundings

(A) Biology (B) Ecology
(C) Psychology (D) Physiology

151. A body of persons appointed to hear evidence and give their verdict in trials.

(A) association (B) council
(C) bar (D) jury

152. A person who dishonestly pretends to be somebody else :

(A) Imperialist (B) Impressionist
(C) Implorer (D) Impostor

153. Violent storm:

(A) weather (B) rains
(C) breeze (D) tempest

154. Careful and thorough enquiry :

(A) Investigation (B) Interview
(C) Examination (D) Exploration

155. A situation that stops an activity from progressing :

(A) Bypass (B) Breach
(C) Bottleneck (D) Block head

156. A disease which is spread by direct contact

(A) Contagious (B) Infectious
(C) Epidemic (D) Endemic

157. The study of ancient civilizations

(A) History (B) Anthropology
(C) Ethnology (D) Archaeology

158. An animal story with a moral

(A) Fable (B) Tale
(C) Anecdote (D) Parable

159. A thing likely to be easily broken

(A) vulnerable (B) flexible
(C) brittle (D) delicate

160. Body of singers

(A) Coir (B) Quorum
(C) Quire (D) Choir

161. Very dramatic

(A) Histrionic (B) Hippocratic
(C) Hirsute (D) Hoary

162. A figure of speech by which a thing is spoken of as being that which it only resembles

(A) Metaphor (B) Simile
(C) Personification (D) Alliteration

163. The process by which a person or an organization reduces the amount of money it spends

(A) budgeting (B) retrenchment
(C) saving (D) closure

164. An established principle of practical wisdom :

(A) Marxism (B) Maxim
(C) Neologism (D) Platonism

165. Person with whom one works

(A) contemporary (B) companion

(C) colleague (D) partner

166. Honesty of character

(A) integrity (B) rectitude

(C) honour (D) dignity

167. Expressions of sympathy

(A) congratulation (B) condolence

(C) compliment (D) condemnation

168. An instrument used to record sound

(A) gramophone (B) hydrophone

(C) phonograph (D) megaphone

169. Pertaining to horses

(A) Equine (B) equestrian

(C) equinox (D) equation

170. One who cannot be corrected

(A) Incurable (B) incorrigible

(C) hardened (D) vulnerable

171. Difficult or impossible to read

(A) Illogical (B) illegible

(C) ineligible (D) legible

172. An unexpected piece of good fortune

(A) Turnstile (B) Windfall

(C) Philanthropy (D) Benevolence

173. Those who go on to someone else's land without the owner's permission

(A) Delinquents (B) trespassers

(C) offenders (D) culprits

174. Something that cannot be taken away.

(A) inalienable (B) edible

(C) legible (D) natural

175. Scale used for measuring the strength of an earthquake.

(A) Celsius (B) Newtons

(C) Richter (D) Linear

176. Something kept as a reminder of an event.

(A) Trophy (B) Souvenir

(C) Prize (D) Antique

177. One who practises one of the fine arts:

(A) painter (B) artist

(C) designer (D) architect

178. A general pardon of offenders.

(A) Parley (B) Amnesty

(C) Parole (D) Acquittal

179. Place where wine is made

(A) bakery (B) cloakroom

(C) tannery (D) brewery

180. A paper written by hand

(A) handicraft (B) handiwork

(C) manuscript (D) thesis

181. The art of preserving skin of animals, birds and fish

(A) taxonomy (B) taxidermy

(C) philology (D) seismology

182. Related to moon

(A) solar (B) moony

(C) lunar (D) honeymoon

183. Sum of money to be paid for freeing a person from captivity.

(A) Ransom (B) Compensation

(C) Tribute (D) Penalty

184. Book giving information about every branch of knowledge.

(A) Directory (B) Dictionary

(C) Encyclopedia (D) Dissertation

185. Member of a tribe that wanders from place to place with no fixed home.

(A) Vagabond (B) Nomad

(C) Wanderer (D) Truant

186. Fit to be chosen.

(A) Eligible (B) Capable

(C) Suitable (D) Valuable

187. An animal or plant living in or upon another.

(A) master (B) dependant

(C) insect (D) parasite

188. Strong dislike between two persons

(A) aversion (B) antipathy

(C) apathy (D) despair

189. The killing of whole group of people

(A) genocide (B) germicide

(C) patricide (D) suicide

190. The plants and vegetation of a region

(A) fauna (B) flora

(C) landscape (D) environment

191. That which is without opposition

(A) unaware (B) verdict

(C) unanimous (D) spontaneous

192. Animal that feeds on plants

(A) Carnivorous (B) Herbivorous

(C) Insectivorous (D) Graminivorous

193. A number of stars grouped together

- (A) Orbit (B) Constellation
(C) Solar system (D) Comet

194. Lasting only for a very short while

- (A) Transparent (B) Temporal
(C) Temporary (D) Temperate

195. Murder of a man

- (A) Regicide (B) Fratricide
(C) Homicide (D) Genocide

196. Use of force or threats to get someone to agree to something

- (A) Coercion (B) Conviction
(C) Confession (D) Cajolment

197. A place where gambling is practised

- (A) hotel (B) casino
(C) restaurant (D) theatre

198. An object or portion serving as a sample

- (A) Specification (B) Spectre
(C) Spectacle (D) Specimen

199. The practice of submitting a proposal to popular vote

- (A) Election (B) Reference
(C) Popularity (D) Referendum

200. Code of diplomatic etiquette and precedence

- (A) Statesmanship (B) Diplomacy
(C) Hierarchy (D) Protocol

201. To renounce a high position of authority or control

- (A) Abduct (B) Abandon
(C) Abort (D) Abdicate

202. Talking about the affairs of other people

- (A) teasing (B) gossiping
(C) criticising (D) slandering

203. Medical examination of the body after death

- (A) diagnosis (B) irradiation
(C) corpse (D) autopsy

204. A person born or living at the same time as another

- (A) corollary (B) accessory
(C) contemporary (D) auxiliary

205. Bad beyond reform

- (A) irreversible (B) irrevocable
(C) irredeemable (D) irreparable

206. That which is certain to happen

- (A) inevitable (B) invincible
(C) incorrigible (D) immediate

207. The process of deciding the nature of a disease by examination

- (A) test (B) perusal
(C) diagnosis (D) operation

208. That which makes it difficult to recognise the presence or real nature of somebody or something.

- (A) cover (B) camouflage
(C) pretence (D) mask

209. To bear a hand

- (A) interfere (B) join
(C) assist (D) rejoice

210. One who makes an official examination of accounts

- (A) auditor (B) accountant
(C) clerk (D) official

211. A government by the officials

- (A) Plutocracy (B) Aristocracy
(C) Bureaucracy (D) Monarchy

212. One who offers his services without charging for it

- (A) Philanderer (B) Volunteer
(C) Mercenary (D) Missionary

213. A tank where fish or water plants are kept

- (A) aviary (B) aquarium
(C) nursery (D) sanatorium

214. Avoiding wastage

- (A) economic (B) economical
(C) minimal (D) optimational

215. Sole right to make and sell some invention

- (A) Franchise (B) Authorize
(C) Dealership (D) Patent

216. The scientific study of living organisms

- (A) Biochemistry (B) Zoology
(C) Organic chemistry (D) Biology

217. One who lives for more than a hundred years

- (A) saint (B) meteorologist
(C) demagogue (D) centenarian

218. Detaining and confining someone

- (A) Interruption (B) Interrogation
(C) Interment (D) Internment

219. An underhand device resorted to in order to justify misconduct

- (A) Subterfuge (B) Manoeuvre
(C) Stratagem (D) Complicity

220. Science of the races of mankind

- (A) Genealogy (B) Etiology
(C) Ethnology (D) Sociology

221. A writer who steals ideas from others.

- (A) plagiarist (B) copier
(C) editor (D) translator

222. Examination of a dead body.

- (A) autopsy (B) surgery
(C) operation (D) tanning

223. A speech made to oneself.

- (A) dialogue (B) speech
(C) soliloquy (D) monologue

224. A commonplace remark.

- (A) platitude (B) remark
(C) statement (D) epigram

225. That which cannot be captured.

- (A) impregnable (B) incorrigible
(C) imperishable (D) invincible

226. The study of birds

- (A) ornithology (B) philology
(C) ontology (D) geology

227. An insect with many legs is called.

- (A) centipede (B) mammal
(C) herbivorous (D) vertebrate

228. Government in which all religions are honoured.

- (A) fanatic (B) secular
(C) catholic (D) progressive

229. One who lives among strangers.

- (A) recluse (B) alien
(C) stoic (D) rustic

230. A word no longer in use.

- (A) extant (B) obsolete
(C) out-dated (D) nervous

231. One who tends to take a hopeful view of life

- (A) Magnate (B) creator
(C) pacifist (D) optimist

232. Belonging to all parts of the world

- (A) Common (B) universal
(C) worldly (D) international

233. To be known for bad acts

- (A) Famous (B) notorious
(C) criminal (D) terrorist

234. Words of similar meaning

- (A) Homonyms (B) pseudonyms
(C) antonyms (D) synonyms

235. Instrument to measure atmospheric pressure

- (A) Metronome (B) compass

- (C) pedometer (D) barometer

236. A speech delivered without previous preparation

- (A) Soliloquy (B) Extempore
(C) Rhetoric (D) Expression

237. One who pretends to be what he is not

- (A) crocodile (B) flatterer
(C) hypocrite (D) counterfeiter

238. Study of heavenly bodies

- (A) astrology (B) astronomy
(C) stargazing (D) astrophysics

239. An official call to appear in a court of law

- (A) summon (B) notice
(C) memorandum (D) petition

240. To cut apart a person's body

- (A) amputate (B) mutilate
(C) ambush (D) mitigate

241. A sneering person who always finds faults.

- (A) cupid (B) kleptomaniac
(C) cynic (D) crone

242. A place for keeping bees.

- (A) aviary (B) apiary
(C) cage (D) nest

243. A long journey, especially by sea.

- (A) flight (B) voyage
(C) odyssey (D) safari

244. A short walk for pleasure or exercise.

- (A) stroll (B) gallop
(C) jog (D) promenade

245. A place where government or public records are kept.

- (A) attic (B) museum
(C) cellar (D) archive

246. A person who kills somebody especially for political reasons.

- (A) criminal (B) assassin
(C) murderer (D) hangman

247. A person who opposes another.

- (A) soldier (B) fighter
(C) antagonist (D) prophet

248. A person who does not want to see the realities of life and tries to escape.

- (A) escapist (B) hovel
(C) plunderer (D) scavenger

249. A person who is very selective, disgusted easily, and is hard to please.

(A) misanthrope

(B) fastidious

(A) credulous

(B) faithful

(C) selector

(D) ambiguous

(C) client

(D) egoist

250. A person who can be cheated easily.

IDIOM AND PHRASES

Directions : In questions 1 to 250, four alternatives are given for the idiom/ phrase underlined in the sentence. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idiom/phrase and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

1. Our school is within a stone's throw from the bus stand.

(A) Very far-off

(B) with a certain radius

(C) at a short distance

(D) next to

2. He tried to strain every nerve to complete this project.

(A) to make utmost efforts

(B) to feel weak and tired

(C) to be a diligent worker

(D) to be methodical in work

3. He is the man who owns all the land and is the big fish around here.

(a) the fat man

(b) the huge man

(c) the important man

(d) the enormous man

4. She does not want to retire she'd rather die in harness.

(A) premeditated murder

(B) dying young in an accident

(C) to die while in service

(D) to be taken by surprise

5. Don't try to feather your nest by doctoring the accounts

(A) to profit in a dishonest way

(B) something that lasts for a short time

(C) to make a residential house

(D) none of the above

6. He tried to doctor the accounts but his senior saw through his intention.

(A) to make changes in account books

(B) to clear the doctors' bill

(C) to verify the accounts in detail

(D) to manipulate the accounts

7. She could never measure up to her parent's expectation.

(A) Reach the level

(B) Work as hard

(C) Assess the amount

(D) Increase her height

8. The little boy with his flawless performance and innocent looks stole the show.

(A) Stole something from the show

(B) Crept into the show

(C) Won everybody's praise

(D) Disappeared from the show

9. After losing the match he is in the doldrums

(A) to be in low spirits

(B) to be within doors

(C) to praise loudly

(D) to be in a crisis

10. Mary's request was turned down by the management.

(A) Sent back

(B) Twisted around

(C) Refused

(D) Handed over

11. I found myself all at sea when I was asked to find the doctor in the canteen.

(A) a family voyage

(B) lost and confused

(C) in the middle of the ocean

(D) a string of islands

12. The thief took to his heels when he heard the siren of security.

(A) to walk slowly

(B) to run away

(C) to march forward

(D) to hop and jump

13. he did not bite the dust in the final wrestling.

(A) eat voraciously

(B) have nothing to eat

(C) eat roots

(D) to fail

14. the death of Raman's father was a bolt from the blue for the family.

(A) a delayed event

(B) an inexplicable event

(C) an unexpected event

(D) an unpleasant event

15. The arrangement went wrong and the manager had to cut a sorry figure.

(A) express absurdity

(B) express deception

(C) express satisfaction

(D) express apology

16. The reputed company is in the red due to the recession.

(A) making money

(B) losing money

(C) in danger

(D) spending money

17. The captain raised his voice against the management and was left alone to face the music.

(A) to listen to him

(B) to enter into the class

(C) to bear the criticism

(D) to listen to a favourable comment

18. Initially their play was full of platitudes later the team proved to be the dark horse by winning the match.

(A) a strong intruder

(B) a skilled team

(C) the most powerful

(D) an unexpected winner

19. Stop beating about the bush, come to the point.

(A) wander across the words

(B) speak in a haphazard manner

(C) speak in a round-about manner

(D) make use of irrelevant reference

20. In lieu of imposing fine for breaching traffic rules the government should build good infrastructure .

- (A) in spite of (B) in place of
(C) despite of (D) in addition to

21. If capital punishment is impossible for a rapist all we can do is send him to Coventry.

- (A) transfer him (B) commend him
(C) boycott him (D) dismiss him

22. The noble man gave up the ghost last night.

- (A) left the ghost (B) lived like a ghost
(C) invited ghost (D) died

23. You cannot ride roughshod over your colleagues for long.

- (A) deal unkindly with (B) take for granted
(C) be high-handed with (D) exploit willfully

24. He was down in the mouth as he was defeated in the race.

- (A) unable to speak (B) very depressed
(C) very angry (D) very confused

25. They say, join the Army to drink life to the lees.

- (A) to have the best of fun and fortune
(B) to enjoy a life of drinking and dancing
(C) to have a life full of adventures
(D) to have the best of life

26. The expensive car in the backyard is proving to be a white elephant.

- (A) very huge item
(B) costly and useless possession
(C) very expensive investment
(D) useful material

27. He takes leave once in a blue moon.

- (A) regularly (B) often
(C) rarely (D) once a fortnight

28. The meeting has been put off indefinitely.

- (A) cancelled (B) postponed
(C) advanced (D) announced

29. The rules of the deal are set forth in the brochure.

- (A) stated (B) accepted
(C) contradicted (D) printed

30. Seema bought her new car for a song.

- (A) at very nominal price (B) on loan
(C) at a loss (D) very easily

31. Raju had given up doing exercise after surgery.

- (A) learned (B) started
(C) continued (D) stopped

32. The chairman tried to get his point across, but the members just wouldn't listen.

- (A) give them a lesson (B) insist on
(C) make them understand (D) motivate them

33. Ashok had all fair-weather friends.

- (A) friends who face difficulties calmly.
(B) favourable friends
(C) friends who desert you in difficulties
(D) reliable friends

34. Since the company has lost a good deal of time and money, you will have to make good the loss.

- (A) make a good effort (B) try to minimize the loss
(C) compensate for the loss (D) ensure that there are no forth losses

35. The result turned to be a damp squib

- (A) rainy weather (B) a disappointing result
(C) a skirt in a laundry (D) none of the above

36. The murder was planned in cold blood

- (A) angrily (B) deliberately
(C) excitedly (D) slowly

37. Don't take anyone for a ride otherwise you have to face KARAMA.

- (A) to give a ride to someone
(B) to deceive someone
(C) to be indifferent
(D) to disclose a secret

38. He tried to move heaven and earth to save his mother but in vain.

- (A) to cause an earthquake (B) to try everything possible
(C) to pray to all Gods (D) to travel in a rocket

39. I can smell a rat. Something is going against us.

- (A) to smell foul (B) to see a rat
(C) to chase a rat (D) to be suspicious

40. The possession of Jerusalem is a bone of contention between Israel and Palestine.

- (A) a subject of peace (B) a subject of trade
(C) a subject of dispute (D) a subject of exports

41. My friend turned a deaf ear to my tale of loss and refused to help me.

- (A) paid no heed (B) went far away
(C) listened carefully (D) turned his ear away

42. Helena was over head and ears in love with Demetrius.

- (A) carefully (B) completely
(C) brilliantly (D) cautiously

43. Gopi works by fits and starts.

- (A) consistently (B) irregularly

(C) in high spirits (D) enthusiastically

44. Naresh Goyal had to stand on his feet very early in his life.

(A) to be physically strong (B) to be independent
(C) to stand erect (D) to be successful

45. It is high time he came out of his shell.

(A) appeared suddenly (B) became more sociable
(C) became a loser (D) removed his clothes

46. Every political party is at present playing to the gallery.

(A) adopting cheap tactics (B) befooling the common man
(C) fighting for votes (D) appeasing the masses

47. His blood ran cold when he heard his uncle was murdered.

(A) He was frightened (B) He was horrified
(C) He was disgusted (D) He was depressed

48. This is so simple that even a man in the street can understand it.

(A) an ordinary person (B) an illiterate person
(C) an unknown person (D) a stranger

49. When he went to claim insurance for his car, the agent said he hadn't a leg to stand on.

(A) had been injured in an accident
(B) was lame
(C) did not have much hope of getting it
(D) would have to wait for some time

50. to cast aspersions

(A) to act as the pillar of support
(B) to raise aspirations
(C) to make unpleasant remarks
(D) to dissolve all the differences

51. on the cards

(A) impossible (B) shocking
(C) evident (D) anticipated

52. To turn over a new leaf

(A) to change for the better
(B) to start writing a new book
(C) to work on a novel idea
(D) to clear the garden

53. To keep up one's appearances

(A) to make public appearances now and then.
(B) to maintain one's looks and appearance.
(C) to keep up an outward show of prosperity.
(D) to make it appear that one is not concerned.

54. Hari comes here off and on

(A) repeatedly (B) always

(C) occasionally (D) never

55. To take with a grain of salt

(A) to make more palatable
(B) to take a small quantity of
(C) to make something meaningful
(D) to accept with misgiving

56. To talk through one's hat

(A) to talk carefully (B) to talk softly
(C) to talk nonsense (D) to talk secretly

57. Ins and outs

(A) entrances and exits (B) details and complexities
(C) passages and pathways (D) rules and regulations

58. The thief passed himself off as a ticket examiner.

(A) described himself (B) deceived everyone
(C) disguised himself (D) was regarded

59. A brave soldier will never show the white feather in the face of his enemy.

(A) show signs of cowardice
(B) act arrogantly
(C) show intimacy
(D) act impudently

60. The poor man moved from pillar to post to get money.

(A) went to pillars (B) went to post
(C) went to money lender (D) tried his best

61. You have to be tactful in handling the sensitive matters rather than putting the cart before the horse.

(A) treating these indifferently
(B) behaving thoughtlessly
(C) dealing with these in haste
(D) tackling things in the wrong way

62. The boys cried with one voice that the examination should be postponed.

(A) unanimously (B) vehemently
(C) loudly (D) strongly

63. The scheme appears worthless at the first blush.

(A) first attempt (B) first sight
(C) first step (D) first phase

64. His pronunciation was so bad and his voice so low that the speech he made was all Greek to me.

(A) strange (B) incomprehensible
(C) inaudible (D) uninteresting

65. He looked blank when he was informed about his dismissal.

(A) was without any emotion
(B) was puzzled and surprised

(C) was uninterested

(D) was unhappy

66. That fellow trumped up a story

(A) translated (B) sang with the music of a trumpet

(C) concocted (D) copied

67. Though he is not a scholar, he wins arguments because he has the gift of the gab.

(A) gifts from many people (B) a lot of money

(C) talent for speaking (D) a good memory

68. The A.T.S. set the bait to arrest the terrorists.

(A) laid the trap (B) announced the reward

(C) set the record (D) put the bet

69. I have decided to give it a shot.

(A) click a picture (B) try something

(C) pose for a picture (D) injure someone

70. He turned a blind eye to his son's pranks.

(A) pretended not to notice

(B) paid special attention to

(C) covered up for

(D) punished severely

71. All his schemes to murder the king ended in smoke.

(A) fructified gradually (B) came to nothing

(C) were discarded (D) were partially carried out

72. This fashion of long flowing skirts will run its course.

(A) continue for a long time

(B) become very popular

(C) develop and then come to its usual end

(D) end very soon

73. The police caught the thief redhanded.

(A) in a red uniform

(B) with blood in hands

(C) at the time of committing the crime

(D) after reading the rules

74. I was so disappointed when my close friend left me in the lurch.

(A) went away without waiting for me

(B) helped me in difficult times

(C) abandoned me when I needed help

(D) stopped helping me in emergency

75. His position in the company was on the brink of disaster.

(A) at the top of (B) at the point of

(C) on the side of (D) on the back of

76. The car broke down just as it reached the edge of a cliff. It was indeed a close shave.

(A) to share one's brand

(B) very risky

(C) narrow escape from danger

(D) to be happy

77. The parents are in high spirits as their son has got a decent job.

(A) in good position (B) drunk

(C) cheerful (D) shocked

78. When she realised that she had bought a fake product, she knew that her money had gone down the drain.

(A) was lost forever (B) dropped in the drain

(C) got washed away (D) her money was safe

79. Even though the new clerk was given a difficult task, he remained cool as a cucumber.

(A) not nervous or emotional

(B) caught cold

(C) was happy

(D) was scared

80. Some people do not grease anybody's palm on any account.

(A) bribe (B) flatter

(C) cheat (D) fight

81. I had to pull strings to put up a good show.

(A) play music (B) use personal influence

(C) use the instrument (D) play a song

82. You can easily overcome this situation if you keep your head.

(A) keep faith in (B) remain calm

(C) believe in (D) trust the others

83. It is clear that the ideas of both reformers ran in the same groove.

(A) promoted each other (B) clashed with each other

(C) moved in harmony (D) moved in different directions

84. This place affords a bird's eye view of the green valley below.

(A) a beautiful view (B) a narrow view

(C) an overview (D) an ugly view

85. To foam at one's mouth

(A) to brush properly

(B) to get very angry

(C) to salivate on seeing food

(D) none of the above

86. To feel like a fish out of water

(A) disgusted (B) uncomfortable

(C) disappointed (D) homeless

87. At the eleventh hour

- (A) too late (B) too early
(C) immediately (D) at the last moment

88. to burn one's fingers

- (A) to get hurt physically (B) to suffer financial losses
(C) to find work (D) to suffer nervous breakdown

89. to add fuel to fire

- (A) to investigate (B) to insulate
(C) to initiate (D) to incite

90. To bring to light

- (A) to reveal (B) to conceal
(C) to provide luminescence (D) to appeal

91. To hit the jackpot

- (A) to gamble (B) to get an unexpected victory
(C) to be wealthy (D) to make money quickly

92. To burn the candle at both ends

- (A) to spend cautiously (B) to be stingy
(C) to be extravagant (D) to survive difficulty

93. Status quo

- (A) unchanged position (B) excellent place
(C) unbreakable statue (D) long queue

94. By fair means or foul

- (A) without using common sense
(B) without difficulty
(C) in any way, honest or dishonest
(D) having been instigated

95. at one's beck and call

- (A) to attend a call
(B) to be helped by someone
(C) to be useful to someone
(D) to be dominated by someone

96. to explore every avenue

- (A) to search all streets (B) to scout the wilderness
(C) to find adventure (D) to try every opportunity

97. a red letter day

- (A) a dangerous day in one's life
(B) a sorrowful day in one's life
(C) an important or joyful occasion in one's life
(D) both a dangerous and sorrowful day in one's life

98. to have something up one's sleeve

- (A) to hide something in the sleeve
(B) to play a magician trick
(C) to have a secret plan
(D) to play hide and seek

99. on the spur of the moment

- (A) to act at once (B) to ride a horse in a race
(C) to act deliberately (D) to act at the appointed time

100. When my friend was in Kolkata, he ran into an old friend at the theatre.

- (A) hit (B) met accidentally
(C) planned to meet (D) invited

101. The news of the President's death spread like wild fire.

- (A) spread rapidly (B) caused a major confusion
(C) was a wild rumour (D) set the nation on fire

102. Going abroad for a holiday was out of the question.

- (A) undesirable (B) impossible
(C) unpleasant (D) irresistible

103. As a businessman, my father always maintained that his transactions constituted an open book.

- (A) an account book always open
(B) a book of open confessions
(C) an opening for new ventures
(D) straight forward and honest dealings

104. The project advanced by leaps and bounds.

- (A) rapidly (B) slowly
(C) sharply (D) simply

105. She is too fond of her own voice.

- (A) loves singing
(B) very selfish
(C) does not listen properly to anyone else
(D) very talkative

106. Indian police is, on the whole, high handed in dealing with citizens.

- (A) kind (B) overbearing
(C) prompt (D) adept

107. I take exception to your statement that I am bad tempered.

- (A) do not agree (B) feel unhappy
(C) object (D) feel angry

108. His speech fell short on the audience.

- (A) had no effect (B) moved the audience
(C) impressed the audience (D) was quite short

109. The officer called for an explanation from the cashier for the shortage of cash.

- (A) asked (B) begged
(C) served a notice (D) demanded

110. We wanted the gift to be a surprise for my mother, but my sister gave the game away.

- (A) lost the game (B) gave out the secret

(C) gave away the gift (D) withdrew from the plan

111. The actress took cue from her brother and became successful.

(A) some help (B) a hint
(C) some money (D) learnt acting

112. Let us have a heart to heart talk to solve this problem.

(A) good talk (B) emotional talk
(C) frank talk (D) loving talk

113. To miss the bus

(A) to miss the bus that one regularly takes
(B) to miss an opportunity
(C) to have something to fall back upon
(D) to find fault with others

114. Birds of the same feather

(A) persons of same caste
(B) persons of same colour
(C) birds with same type of feather
(D) persons of same character

115 To fight tooth and nail

(A) to fight a losing battle
(B) to fight heroically
(C) to fight cowardly
(D) to make every possible effort

116. To call a spade a spade

(A) to be frank (B) to be sly
(C) to be rude (D) to be diplomatic

117. by putting two and two together

(A) to mix several things
(B) to make an arithmetical calculation
(C) to keep people in pairs
(D) to deduce from given facts

118. to look down one's nose

(A) to show anger
(B) to retaliate
(C) to insult in the presence of others
(D) to regard with contempt

119. to shed crocodile tears

(A) to weep profusely (B) to pretend grief
(C) to grieve seriously (D) to mock something

120. To call it a day

(A) to conclude proceedings (B) to initiate proceedings
(C) to work through the day (D) None of the above

121. To put up with

(A) to accommodate (B) to adjust

(C) to understand (D) to tolerate

122. To take to heart

(A) to be encouraged (B) to grieve over
(C) to like (D) to hate

123. Yeoman's service

(A) medical help (B) excellent work
(C) social work (D) hard work

124. to go scot-free

(A) to walk like a native of Scotland (B) to get something free
(C) to escape without punishment (D) to save tax

125. to see red

(A) get broke (B) get angry
(C) feel lucky (D) become rich

126. in the nick of time

(A) in an unexpected time
(B) after some time
(C) at a time when it was too late
(D) precisely in the right time

127. the stage has been set

(A) the conditions are beyond control
(B) the platform for meeting is ready
(C) the situation is getting worse
(D) the situation is conducive

128. on this side of the grave

(A) outside the grave (B) by the side of the grave
(C) in this world (D) before going to grave

129. A man who, while pretending to be your friend, sets a spy to watch your activities is indeed a snake in the grass.

(A) secret enemy (B) mean fellow
(C) dangerous man (D) cunning fellow

130. The audience was greatly impressed though I spoke off the cuff.

(A) away from the mike (B) without preparation
(C) off the subject (D) about the cuff

131. After listening to the student's statements, the principal had to eat her words.

(A) withdraw her words (B) stop speaking
(C) apologize (D) quarrel

132. to lose ground

(A) to become less powerful (B) to become less popular
(C) to lose foundation (D) to be without a leader

133. to make both ends meet

(A) to buy costly articles

- (B) live a luxurious life
- (C) to live within one's income
- (D) to please all people

134. to fall back on

- (A) to oppose something important
- (B) to suffer an injury on the back in an accident
- (C) to fail to do something important in time
- (D) to seek support out of necessity

135. to make one's blood boil

- (A) to make somebody furious
- (B) to develop fever
- (C) to get excited
- (D) to make someone nervous

136. She decided that she would get this job by hook or by crook.

- (A) by compromising or other responsibilities
- (B) by impressing the interviewers
- (C) by any means, right or wrong
- (D) by becoming a specialist in the field

137. In a debate, no one is allowed to sit on the fence.

- (A) to avoid taking sides
- (B) to insult a speaker
- (C) to relax while others speak
- (D) to agree with everyone

138. The matter has been sorted out.

- (A) revised
- (B) supported
- (C) resolved
- (D) changed

139. The soldiers carried out the orders of the General very effectively.

- (A) exited
- (B) executed
- (C) supported
- (D) applied

140. They set off by car for Mumbai late in the evening.

- (A) started
- (B) travelled
- (C) entered
- (D) resonated

141. Once his crime was discovered, he had no option but to come clean.

- (A) to deny the crime
- (B) to confess to the crime
- (C) to accuse someone else of the crime
- (D) to apologize for the crime

142. The employees were kept in the dark about the latest developments.

- (A) were informed after office hours
- (B) were informed when it was too late
- (C) were given secret information

- (D) were not informed at all

143. When things go wrong, everyone starts passing the buck.

- (A) analyses the problem
- (B) prepares to resign
- (C) pays a bribe
- (D) blames someone else

144. To keep the wolf away from the door.

- (A) to avoid a bad person
- (B) to clean the house
- (C) to avoid extreme poverty
- (D) to visit the zoo

145. To break the ice

- (A) to clear the snow
- (B) to start quarreling
- (C) to commence an interaction
- (D) to revive old enmity

146. Spick and span

- (A) neat and clean
- (B) hard-working
- (C) kitchen implements
- (D) calm and quiet

147. The pros and cons

- (A) good and evil
- (B) first and last
- (C) fair and foul
- (D) for and against

148. Build castles in the air

- (A) waste time
- (B) daydream
- (C) build houses
- (D) work hard

149. Sought after

- (A) highly paid
- (B) pursued by
- (C) in great demand
- (D) with great talent

150. All at sea

- (A) very proud
- (B) overjoyed
- (C) puzzled
- (D) excited

151. To hit below the belt

- (A) to punish
- (B) to tie with a belt
- (C) to hit with a belt
- (D) to attack unfairly

152. Pot-luck dinner

- (A) dinner where everybody brings something to eat
- (B) dinner where everybody brings his food
- (C) dinner where only soup is served
- (D) dinner where people eat and play games at the same time

153. His friends beat the boy to pay off old scores.

- (A) to refund old dues.
- (B) to take revenge.
- (C) to force him to be a scorer in a match.
- (D) because he had not scored well earlier.

154. Chintan is so innocent that he wears his heart on his sleeve.

- (A) Wears dress that does not match.

- (B) Expresses his feelings openly.
(C) Wears colourful dresses.
(D) Expresses his feelings with the shape of a heart printed on its sleeve.

155. Tagore was a man of letters.

- (A) of wide contacts.
(B) an excellent letter dictator.
(C) a great writer of letters.
(D) proficient in literaterary art.

156. The poor subordinates are made scapegoats by their superiors.

- (A) punished for others' misdeeds.
(B) developed poor relations.
(C) treated humbly and respectfully.
(D) scolded with arrogant reactions.

157. She was on the horns of a dilemma as she had either to leave her job or divorce her husband.

- (A) in nervous condition (B) in terrible mood
(C) in difficult situation (D) in suspense

158. Brown study

- (A) to study sincerely (B) to study uselessly
(C) deep in thought (D) practical advantage

159. The young boy was kicking his heels inspite of his mother's stern warnings.

- (A) playing happily (B) kicking someone
(C) forced to wait (D) passing a gesture of disrespect

160. She denied point-blank her involvement in the crime.

- (A) directly (B) desperately
(C) stubbornly (D) rudely

161. It is hard to strike a bargain with a woman.

- (A) to finalize a deal (B) to negotiate a deal
(C) to negotiate (D) to deal

162. He took his father's advice to heart.

- (A) casually (B) patiently
(C) seriously (D) quietly

163. Can you give me a hand with this luggage?

- (A) keep a watch on (B) handle
(C) provide me with (D) help me with

164. Fling away

- (A) to have an affair (B) to flare up
(C) to throw violently (D) to swing

165. Stick by

- (A) to adhere closely (B) stand by someone
(C) to paste (D) to pass by

166. Wink at

- (A) to tease somebody (B) to like someone
(C) to pretend not to see (D) to stare at

167. To be on the wane

- (A) to complain (B) to be sick
(C) to be on boat (D) to be diminishing

168. To give a person the cold shoulder

- (A) to offer someone ice-cream
(B) to be humble
(C) to threaten
(D) to treat coldly

169. To get one's back up

- (A) to become irritated or angry
(B) to sit straight
(C) to act proud
(D) to give support

170. To strike oil

- (A) to have found an oil well
(B) to have lucky success
(C) to have a close escape
(D) to be unsuccessful

171. To talk shop

- (A) to talk a lot
(B) to use phrases peculiar to one's employment
(C) to like to shop
(D) to lie

172. To draw a line

- (A) to fix a limit (B) to caution someone
(C) to be stern (D) to insult someone

173. A swan song

- (A) melodious song
(B) disharmonious display
(C) utterance/statement made just before death or retirement
(D) concocted tale

174. Knit one's brows

- (A) to disappoint somebody
(B) to frown
(C) to have a headache
(D) to express discontentment

175. To plough the sands

- (A) to be extremely accomplished
(B) to be resourceful

(C) to be dejected

(D) to busy oneself in an unprofitable proposition

176. To rip up old sores

(A) to destroy something (B) to act cruelly

(C) to reopen a quarrel (D) to inflict pain on someone

177. To rate soundly

(A) to censure strongly (B) to acquire heavy profits

(C) to be at peace (D) to assure somebody

178. To be no spring chicken

(A) to be brave (B) to be honest

(C) to be no longer young (D) to be childish

179. To take to one's bed

(A) to be very attached to one's belongings

(B) to lie in bed due to illness

(C) to fight with one's husband

(D) to agree with someone

180. To stand on ceremony

(A) to celebrate an occasion in a grand way

(B) to be extravagant

(C) to get married

(D) to insist on excessive formality

181. To be at sixes and sevens

(A) a state of total confusion and disorder

(B) to be a great success

(C) to be certain

(D) to give away generously

182. To break the ice

(A) a strong man

(B) to start a quarrel

(C) to break the awkward silence

(D) to become violent

183. Put one's foot down

(A) to demand

(B) to take rest

(C) to be firm about something

(D) to do something stupid

184. Backstairs influence

(A) one who is easily influenced

(B) influential person

(C) influence exerted secretly

(D) wife's influence on her husband

185. Long in the tooth

(A) distant journey (B) rather old

(C) ailment (D) young

186. A brazen-faced fellow

(A) cruel person

(B) ugly person

(C) dark-complexioned person

(D) impudent fellow

187. To see pink elephants

(A) to dream

(B) to anticipate luck

(C) to be afraid of

(D) to have hallucination due to excessive alcoholic intake.

188. Elbow room

(A) opportunity for freedom of action

(B) special room for the guest

(C) to give enough space to move or work in

(D) to add a new room to the house

189. French leave

(A) a person who does not take leave

(B) leave without permission

(C) to take long leave

(D) to take a day off and have fun

190. To commit to memory

(A) to learn by heart

(B) to tax one's memory

(C) to be forgetful

(D) to commit oneself totally to a task

191. To burn a hole in the pocket

(A) to steal from someone's pocket

(B) to destroy other's belongings

(C) to be very miserly

(D) money that is spent quickly

192. To bury the hatchet

(A) to have found a treasure

(B) to make peace

(C) to purchase something without discretion

(D) to act in a suspicious manner

193. To beggar description

(A) something of least importance

(B) something beyond description

(C) to describe a beggar

(D) an accurate description

194. To beat the air

(A) efforts that are vain or useless

(B) to be satisfied with one's performance

(C) to be extremely relieved

(D) to be very happy

195. To provide against a rainy day

(A) to provide plentiful

(B) to provide for a possible future, in time of difficulty or need

(C) to store for the family

(D) to store for the rainy season

196. To be all eyes

(A) to be cautious

(B) watching closely and attentively

(C) to be amazed

(D) to be non-plussed

197. Swollen headed

(A) to be suffering from illness

(B) to be conceited

(C) to be narrow-minded

(D) to be dumb

198. To stir up a hornet's nest

(A) to excite the hostility of people

(B) to do some social service

(C) to be totally at a loss in a situation

(D) to be bankrupt

199. My hands are full

(A) I am having a lot of things to carry

(B) I am having lots of money

(C) I am very busy

(D) I am anxious

200. No love lost between them

(A) to have a fight

(B) to dislike each other

(C) to be as friendly as ever

(D) to be upset

201. To be hand and glove with someone

(A) to be social

(B) to be playful

(C) to be annoyed

(D) to be intimate

202. To play fast and loose

(A) to deceive someone

(B) to be agile

(C) say one thing and do another

(D) to be efficient

203. To take stock of

(A) to imagine

(B) to supply

(C) to survey (

D) to attract

204. A man of straw

(A) a man of no substance

(B) a man without means

(C) a man of character

(D) a generous man

205. Wolf in sheep's clothing

(A) to act on the sly

(B) to be a good actor

(C) to be a hypocrite

(D) to be money-minded or materialistic

206. To cut someone short

(A) to oblige someone

(B) to assist someone

(C) to interrupt someone

(D) to insult someone

207. To stick to one's colours

(A) to refuse to yield

(B) to be patriotic

(C) to be notorious

(D) to be straightforward

208. An old head on young shoulders

(A) to be old before one's age

(B) to be wise beyond one's age

(C) to be youthful in spite of one's old age

(D) to maintain good health

209. To snap one's fingers at

(A) to honour someone

(B) to greet someone

(C) to beckon someone

(D) to treat with contempt

210. Falling foul of

(A) quarrelling with

(B) becoming friends with

(C) being dishonest with

(D) being scared of

211. Harp on the same string

(A) to play music

(B) to dwell tediously on the same subject

(C) to beat someone

(D) to acknowledge

212. Keep a good table

(A) to have an artistic taste

(B) to throw a party

(C) to be a good host

(D) to be extravagant

213. Take up the cudgels

(A) to take notice

(B) to accept a present

(C) to defend someone vigorously

(D) to accept a challenge

214. Splitting hairs

(A) to be worried

(B) to be venturesome

(C) to trouble someone

(D) to dispute over petty points

215. A great hand at

- (A) to be a good artist (B) to be an expert
(C) to be a good player (D) to be generous

216. To make a pile

- (A) to make a fortune (B) to make a mess
(C) to be absent-minded (D) to be corrupt

217. Under someone's wing

- (A) to work under someone
(B) to be under someone's protection
(C) to be alert
(D) to be in the army

218. To sow one's wild oats

- (A) to swear
(B) to be at ease
(C) to engage in youthful excesses
(D) to till the land

219. An olive branch

- (A) an offer of peace (B) an idea
(C) a lady (D) a wicked person

220. Not worth a rap

- (A) worth nothing (B) very expensive
(C) worth a lot (D) modestly priced

221. In merry pin

- (A) perplexed (B) merry making
(C) embarrassed (D) in a cheerful mood

222. To leap the pale

- (A) to throw a bucket
(B) to get into debt, to spend more than one's income
(C) to have much of fear
(D) to become pale

223. To cut the gordian knot

- (A) to perform the opening ceremony
(B) to be present at the opening ceremony
(C) to solve a difficult problem
(D) to get a sharp cut

224. To sow the wind and reap the whirlwind

- (A) to enjoy the fruits of hard work
(B) to be deprived of one's reward
(C) to act wisely
(D) to suffer for one's foolish conduct

225. To play possum

- (A) to play hide and seek
(B) to feign ignorance or pretend to be sleeping or dead

- (C) to cheat somebody
(D) to play seriously

226. A grass widow

- (A) a young widow
(B) widow who has illicit relations with men
(C) a woman whose husband is temporarily away from her
(D) a working old woman

227. Mad as a March hare

- (A) sane
(B) intoxicated
(C) as mad as a hare in spring
(D) slightly touched in the brain

228. Halcyon days

- (A) long days (B) short days
(C) happy and peaceful days (D) disturbed days

229. Mother wit

- (A) to have an intelligent mother
(B) university
(C) silly
(D) common sense

230. A blind date

- (A) a cloudy day
(B) unknown future
(C) meeting with someone you do not know
(D) death-day

231. Much ado about nothing

- (A) to take something worst
(B) to play false
(C) to make a fuss
(D) to add

232. Judas' kiss

- (A) wooing (B) a narrow escape
(C) hypocritical affection (D) a religious person

233. To have no truck with

- (A) have no means of conveyance
(B) financially backward
(C) unwilling to accept someone or something
(D) to have no dealings with

234. To clean the Augean stables

- (A) to purge/ clean the administration of its abuses
(B) to buy horses
(C) to sell horses
(D) to improve working conditions

235. A fly in the ointment

- (A) to clean a thing
- (B) to sterilise
- (C) Small annoyance that spoils a pleasant experience.
- (D) an unsuccessful attempt

236. Of the deepest dye

- (A) of the worst/ extreme type
- (B) of the best type
- (C) of the most colourless type
- (D) of the colourless type

237. To throw up the sponge

- (A) to accept the challenge
- (B) to forget the past offences
- (C) to admit defeat
- (D) to send message

238. To rule the roost

- (A) to measure the height of something
- (B) to measure the depth
- (C) to strike with a stick
- (D) to dominate

239. Bats in the belfry

- (A) to be mad
- (B) something needed cleanliness
- (C) an impending danger
- (D) to be deceived

240. To have a jaundice eye

- (A) to have jaundice
- (B) to have fever
- (C) to be prejudiced
- (D) to lose colour

241. Rank and file

- (A) Common people
- (B) Officers
- (C) People of high rank
- (D) Army personnel

242. To egg on

- (A) to egg on slowly

Synonyms

Directions: in questions no. 1 to 250, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word and mark it in the answer sheet.

1. Impregnable

- (a) recluse
- (b) secure
- (c) despondent
- (d) vivacious

2. Judicious

- (a) Biased
- (b) Sensible
- (c) Exact
- (d) Honest

3. Transpired

- (a) Was communicated
- (b) Was discussed

- (B) to destroy slowly

- (C) to give a walk over

- (D) to instigate/ cause to proceed further

243. To haul over the coals

- (A) to walk over the fire
- (B) to burn
- (C) to scold for something done wrong
- (D) to throw into fire

244. To draw a bead on

- (A) to say prayers
- (B) to count the beads
- (C) to do one's best
- (D) to take careful aim at

245. Fabian policy

- (A) dictatorial policy
- (B) democratic policy
- (C) systematic policy
- (D) policy of cautious persistence

246. In vogue

- (A) in fashion
- (B) fair
- (C) smooth
- (D) total absence

247. Pyrrhic victory

- (A) Permanent victory
- (B) Defeat
- (C) Easy victory
- (D) Victory at high cost

248. Go the whole hog

- (A) to do something thoroughly
- (B) sleep
- (C) to neglect duty
- (D) to mishandle the case

249. To bite one's lips

- (A) to feel sorry
- (B) to repress one's anger or other emotions
- (C) laugh at others
- (D) to have doubt

250. To hold someone in leash

- (A) to restrain
- (B) to be firm
- (C) to be unsure
- (D) to touch the exact point

- (c) Happened

- (d) Conspired

4. Pigheaded

- (a) Foolish

- (b) Unyielding

- (c) Unreasonable

- (d) Mischievous

5. Sundry

- (a) Countless

- (b) diverse

- (c) Certain

- (d) Several

6. Menial

- (a) Unskilled
- (c) Dangerous

- (b) Tough
- (d) Low-paid

7. Impetus

- (a) Financial support
- (c) Retarded growth

- (b) Accelerated growth
- (d) Driving force

8. Emulate

- (a) Praise
- (c) Follow

- (b) Find out
- (d) Assess

9. Mass murder

- (a) Patricide
- (c) Regicide

- (b) Fratricide
- (d) Genocide

10. Executioner

- (a) Executive engineer
- (b) Explorer
- (c) Experimenter
- (d) One who inflict capital punishment

11. Meddle

- (a) intervene
- (c) entity

- (b) facilitate
- (d) replica

12. Tedious

- (a) Tiresome
- (c) Interesting

- (b) monotonous
- (d) Exciting

13. Magnificent

- (a) Magnanimous
- (c) Generous

- (b) Modest
- (d) Splendid

14. Vigorous

- (a) fiery
- (c) Enthusiastic

- (b) Drunk
- (d) Possessed

15. Gloomy

- (a) Misty
- (c) Murky

- (b) Morose
- (d) Shadowy

16. Grumble

- (a) To scold
- (c) To sheer

- (b) To complain
- (d) To fight

17. Crude

- (a) Unrefined
- (c) Rude

- (b) Cruel
- (d) Savage

18. Hostile

- (a) Poor
- (c) Delinquent

- (b) Antagonistic
- (d) Reticent

19. Friendly

- (a) Gentle
- (c) Considerate

- (b) Amiable
- (d) Industrious

20. Intermittent

- (a) Flowing backward
- (c) Happening repeatedly

- (b) Healing quickly
- (d) Happening irregular

21. Peculiar

- (a) Same
- (c) Surprising

- (b) Strange
- (d) Tiring

22. Prosper

- (a) Cherish
- (c) Thrive

- (b) Promote
- (d) Rich

23. Irrevocable

- (a) transform
- (c) Unalterable

- (b) finished
- (d) Reversible

24. Titivate

- (a) Trust
- (c) Suspect

- (b) Writer
- (d) Beautify

25. Repose

- (a) Place
- (c) respite

- (b) Keep
- (d) Replace

26. Commotion

- (a) Cheer
- (c) Disturbance

- (b) Imbalance
- (d) Movement

27. Docile

- (a) Submissive
- (c) Strong

- (b) bolshie
- (d) Changeable

28. Considerate

- (a) pleasing
- (c) Like-minded

- (b) Kind
- (d) Thoughtful

29. Vacillating

- (a) Undecided
- (c) Ignorant

- (b) Angry
- (d) Firm

30. Frugal

- (a) Economical
- (c) Splendid

- (b) Miserly
- (d) Hungry

31. mercy

- (a) Offence
- (c) Kindness

- (b) sympathy
- (d) Joy

32. Quash

- (a) Question
- (c) Reject

- (b) Pledge
- (d) Slash

33. hamper

- (a) Curtail
- (c) Retain

- (b) Prohibit
- (d) Retail

34. Anticipate

(a) Antagonise

(c) Accept

35. Meticulous

(a) Correct

(c) Methodical

36. Abundant

(a) Sufficient

(c) Significant

37. Acquaint

(a) Arouse

(c) Appoint

38. Surreptitiously

(a) Calmly

(c) Suggestively

39. Inaudible

(a) Inaudible

(c) Statement

40. Adverse

(a) Negative

(c) Decorative

41. Vacillate

(a) Waver

(c) Quiver

42. Flabbergasted

(a) Scared

(c) Dumbfounded

43. Flimsy

(a) Weak

(c) Justified

44. Garish

(a) Unusual

(c) Confused

(d) Gaudy

45. Implacable

(a) Relentless

(c) Dangerous

46. Indict

(a) To accuse

(c) Indoctrination

47. Indigent

(a) Indian men

(c) Guilty

48. Innocuous

(b) Expect

(d) Hope

(b) Clean

(d) Painstaking

(b) Plentiful

(d) Vibrant

(b) Introduce

(d) Acquire

b) Secretly

(d) Quietly

b) Secret

(d) paper

(b) Facilitating

(d) Derogative

(b) Never

(d) Queer

(b) Embarrassed

(d) Humiliated

(b) Strong

(d) Impulsive

(b) Exciting

(b) Unappeasable

(d) Courageous

(b) Entrapment

(d) Inducement

(b) Poor

(d) Untried

(a) Abominable

(c) Harmful

49. Innuendoes

(a) Indications

(c) Witty remarks

50. Insolent

(a) Violent

(c) Insulting

51. Irreverence

(a) Disrespect

(c) Unkindness

52. Latent

(a) Primitive

(c) Potent

53. Massive

(a) Tall

(c) Total

54. Obnoxious

(a) Depressing

(c) Arrogant

55. Panacea

(a) Flatter

(c) Inactivity

56. Pragmatic

(a) Practical

(c) Causal

57. Reparation

(a) Compensation

(c) Aspersion

58. Salutory

(a) Premature

(c) Disastrous

59. Shrink

(a) Contract

(c) Reduce

60. Soporific

(a) Soothing

(c) Supreme

61. Vagary

(a) Lapse of memory

(c) gang

62. Coax

(a) Pacify

(b) Harmless

(d) Useful

(b) Inspiring quotes

(d) Insinuations

(b) Polite

(d) Frivolous

(b) Cruelty

(d) Invalidity

(b) Hidden

(d) Talented

(b) Large in size

(d) Little

(b) Disgusting

(d) Filthy

(b) Praise

(d) Cure-all

(b) Playful

(d) Clever

(b) Co-relation

(d) Delegation

(b) Terrible

(d) Beneficial

(b) Physician

(d) Shivel

(b) Terrific

(d) Sleep-inducing

(b) Companionship

(d) impulse

(b) Punish

(c) Persuade (d) Please

63. **vehement**

(a) passionate (b) fiery
(c) ferocious (d) faithfully

64. **gregarious**

(a) introvert (b) extrovert
(c) ambient (d) ambi-vert

65. **Tangential**

(a) partly (b) forcefully
(c) superficial relevance (d) fitfully

67. **Evoked**

(a) Escaped (b) Called forth
(c) Produced (d) Summoned

68. **Impeccable**

(a) Perfect (b) Fair
(c) Faultless (d) Criminal

69. **Impediment**

(a) Clear (b) Ailment
(c) Incapable (d) Obstruction

70. **Evince**

(a) gaze (b) endeavor
(c) pertain (d) illustrate

71. **Prognosis**

(a) Diagnosis (b) Forecast
(c) Preface (d) Identity

72. **Poach**

(a) Catch (b) Hunt
(c) Preach (d) Plunder

73. **Repartee**

(a) Refuse (b) Celebrate
(c) Quick witty reply (d) Question

74. **Exhort**

(a) Recommend (b) Coax
(c) Urge (d) Push

75. **Lurid**

(a) Happy (b) Abundant
(c) Bright (d) Shocking

76. **misapprehension**

(a) illusion (b) ablutions
(c) brilliant (d) Serene

77. **digress**

(a) wander (b) copious
(c) intelligent (d) appalling

78. **Affiliate**

(a) Control (b) Associate
(c) Copy (d) Discriminate

79. **Explicit**

(a) Clear (b) Obvious
(c) Cautious (d) Exorbitant

80. **conscientious**

(a) Intelligent (b) Energetic
(c) Modest (d) Industrious

81. **Fragile**

(a) Soft (b) Smooth
(c) Flexible (d) Easily broken

82. **Reticent**

(a) Sensitive (b) Secretive
(c) Not feeling well (d) Not saying much

83. **Apprise**

(a) Inform (b) Estimate
(c) Admire (d) Require

84. **Consensus**

(a) Awareness (b) General agreement
(c) Careful observation (d) Praiseworthy

85. **Unceremonious**

(a) Impolite (b) Informal
(c) Incomplete (d) Irregular

86. **Treason**

(a) Absurdity (b) Disloyalty
(c) Dishonesty (d) Deception

87. **Amiable**

(a) Popular (b) Generous
(c) Friendly (d) Reasonable

88. **Lucid**

(a) Fluent (b) Clear
(c) Musical (d) Familiar

89. **Ravaged**

(a) Destroyed (b) Spoiled
(c) Conquered (d) Robbed

90. **Perplexed**

(a) Annoyed (b) Disappointed
(c) Puzzled (d) Ruined

91. **Anonymity**

(a) Reputation (b) Publicity
(c) Being unknown (d) Wrong address

92. **Ephemeral**

(a) Disturbing (b) Filthy

(c) Short-lived

(d) Poverty-stricken

93. Battered

(a) Destroyed

(b) Dashed on

(c) Struck hard

(d) Struck off

94. Eternal

(a) Innumerable

(b) Immeasurable

(c) Prolonged

(d) Perpetual

95. Extravagant

(a) Hardworking

(b) Good

(c) Extraordinary

(d) Spendthrift

96. Redundant

(a) Superfluous

(b) Uninterested

(c) Introspective

(d) Knowledgeable

97. Hindered

(a) Damaged

(b) Disturbed

(c) Obstructed

(d) Protested

98. Relish

(a) Realize

(b) Taste

(c) dislike

(d) Reveal

99. Solicit

(a) Command

(b) Request

(c) Sympathize

(d) Agree

100. Surmount

(a) Discount

(b) Surround

(c) Overcome

(d) Capture

101. Pertinent

(a) Indirect

(b) Relevant

(c) Direct

(d) Important

102. Nebulous

(a) Revolutionary

(b) Vague

(c) Starting

(d) Idiotic

103. Ubiquitous

(a) Omnipresent

(b) Omnipotent

(c) Omniscient

(d) Affluent

104. Corroborate

(a) Collaborate

(b) Substantiate

(c) Co-operate

(d) Correlate

105. Adequate

(a) Necessary

(b) Sufficient

(c) Procured

(d) Additional

106. Solecism

(a) Abuse

(b) Witty quip

(c) Clever argument

(d) Grammatical error

107. Delirious

(a) Delicious

(b) Pleasing

(c) Desperate

(d) Excited

108. Licentious

(a) Immoral

(b) Intellectual

(c) Moral

(d) Without license

109. Infuriate

(a) Burn

(b) Disgrace

(c) Threaten

(d) Enrage

110. Prospective

(a) Preceded

(b) Prosperous

(c) Perplexed

(d) Possible

111. Feasible

(a) Practical

(b) Rejoice

(c) Accentuate

(d) Accurate

112. Atrocity

(a) Envy

(b) Violence

(c) Jealousy

(d) Absurdity

113. Fortify

(a) Create

(b) Generate

(c) Prohibit

(d) Strengthen

114. Pacify

(a) Calm down

(b) Satisfy

(c) Rouse

(d) Rejoice

115. indenture

(a) pledge

(b) disagreement

(c) Robust

(d) bond

116. Notoriety

(a) disrepute

(b) Glory

(c) Integrity

(d) Familiarity

117. Intrepid

(a) Hesitant

(b) Fearless

(c) Extrovert

(d) Familiarity

118. Perspicuous

(a) Relevant

(b) Precise

(c) Brief

(d) Clear

119. Ample

(a) Full

(b) Complete

(c) Enough

(d) Insufficient

120. Benevolent

(a) Beneficial

(b) Kind

(c) Helpful

(d) Supportive

121. Ancestors

- (a) Extinct tribes
(c) Forefathers

122. Embrace

- (a) Impress
(c) Embarrass

123. Meek

- (a) Light-hearted
(c) Submissive

124. Cajole

- (a) Insist
(c) Direct

125. Assiduous

- (a) Indolent
(c) Hard-working

126. Fictitious

- (a) Fabricated
(c) Foul

127. Accentuated

- (a) Accent
(c) Mitigated

128. Predominantly

- (a) Emphatically
(c) Mostly

129. Paucity

- (a) Sincerity
(c) Publicity

130. Avert

- (a) Hide
(c) Excuse

131. Pensive

- (a) Careless
(c) Penitent

132. Cordial

- (a) Smooth
(c) Sophisticated

133. Provisional

- (a) Casual
(c) Visible

134. Horrendous

- (a) Very huge
(c) Mildly sincere

135. Authentic

- (a) Admirable

- (b) Relatives
(d) Old people

- (b) Except
(d) Accept

- (b) Serious
(d) Benign

- (b) Persuade
(d) Recommend

- (b) Industrial
(d) Economic

- (b) Frail
(d) Flattering

- (b) Devalued
(d) Sharpened

- (b) Forcefully
(d) Profoundly

- (b) Shortfall
(d) Downfall

- (b) Obey
(d) Avoid

- (b) Thoughtful
(d) Unattached

- (b) Friendly
(d) Reserved

- (b) Lucky
(d) Temporary

- (b) Greatly unpleasant
(d) Most pleasant

- (b) Genuine

- (c) Adjustable

136. Prodigious

- (a) Huge
(c) Enormous

137. Imposter

- (a) Fertilizer
(c) Tax

138. Coarse

- (a) Academic
(c) Rough

139. Forego

- (a) Renounce
(c) Leave

140. Recipients

- (a) Creators
(c) Receivers

141. Plausible

- (a) Pleasing taste
(c) Manageable

142. Creditable

- (a) Able to lend money
(c) Able to repay a loan

143. Salient

- (a) Most important
(c) Pleasing

144. Squander

- (a) Expensive
(c) Litter

145. Abated

- (a) Reduced
(c) Increased

146. Abrogate

- (a) Repeal
(c) Delay

147. Lousy

- (a) Unbearable
(c) Loose

148. Abstemious

- (a) Resistant
(c) Superstitions

149. Allegiance

- (a) Servility
(c) Loyalty

- (d) None of the above

- (b) Prodigious
(d) Wasteful

- (b) Dispatch
(d) Pretender

- (b) Grain
(d) Training

- (b) Deny
(d) Accumulate

- (b) Donors
(d) Instigators

- (b) Seemingly true
(d) Cannot be proved

- (b) Bringing praise
(d) Fit to be believed

- (b) Salt-like taste
(d) Satisfactory

- (b) Waste
(d) Economical

- (b) Vanished
(d) Stabilized

- (b) Destroy
(d) Dismiss

- (b) Awful
(d) Stinking

- (b) Temperate
(d) Careful

- (b) Obedience
(d) Passivity

150. Amicable

- (a) Poisonous (b) Co-operative
(c) Satisfying (d) Heartening

151. Benevolence

- (a) Ill will (b) Morbidity
(c) Kindness (d) Vision

152. Camouflage

- (a) Hide (b) Reveal
(c) Disguise (d) Pretend

153. Chivalrous

- (a) Crude (b) Gallant
(c) Handsome (d) Tinkering

154. Covenant

- (a) Case (b) Coupon
(c) Contract (d) Settlement

155. Dainty

- (a) Carefree (b) Feminine and happy
(c) Delicacy (d) Small and graceful

156. Dormant

- (a) Sleeping (b) Humble
(c) Quick (d) Active

157. Frontier

- (a) Edge (b) Landmark
(c) Boundary (d) Corner

158. Tumult

- (a) Death (b) Defeat
(c) commotion (d) collide

159. Irreproachable

- (a) Remarkable (b) Extraordinary
(c) Faultless (d) Immense

160. Felicity

- (a) Prosperity (b) Honesty
(c) Bliss (d) Sorrow

161. Eminent

- (a) Confident (b) Authentic
(c) nifty (d) Illustrious

162. Fortitude

- (a) Composure (b) Confidence
(c) Courage (d) Produce

163. Sanitise

- (a) Pleasant (b) Disinfect
(c) Pious (d) Crazy

164. Novice

- (a) Beginner (b) Virtuous
(c) Trainer (d) Learner

166. Lament

- (a) bewail (b) beware
(c) Belittle (d) believe

167. Gist

- (a) Comprehension (b) Notion
(c) Emotion (d) substance

168. Takes after

- (a) Follows (b) Comes after
(c) Resembles (d) Imitates

169. Ill-favoured

- (a) Unlucky (b) Weak in health
(c) Short-tempered (d) Ugly

170. Homage

- (a) Humility (b) Tribute
(c) Obedience (d) Allegiance

171. Intimation

- (a) Hint (b) puzzle
(c) indication (d) Signal

172. Amazement

- (a) Shock (b) Wander
(c) Surprise (d) Suspicion

173. Consistency

- (a) Constancy (b) Competence
(c) Permanence (d) Uniformity

174. Electrifying

- (a) Attractive (b) Fearsome
(c) Exciting (d) Disturbing

175. Refrain

- (a) Dissuade (b) Desist
(c) Prevent (d) Curb

176. Merited

- (a) Deserved (b) Encouraged
(c) Prompted (d) Supported

177. Candid

- (a) arrogant (b) Frank
(c) Arrogant (d) Careless

178. Zealous

- (a) Ardent (b) Jealous
(c) Furious (d) Impatient

178. Obscene

- (a) filthy (b) Unhealthy

(c) Indecent

(d) Unwanted

179. rigorous

(a) meticulous

(b) concise

(c) emphasize

(d) compromise

180. replicate

(a) chase

(b) duplicate

(c) originate

(d) Allude

181. Enigmatic

(a) captivating

(b) Automatic

(c) Speeding

(d) bewildering

182. Desperation

(a) Depression

(b) Jubilation

(c) Fascination

(d) Hopelessness

183. Jubilant

(a) Brilliant

(b) Proud

(c) Ecstatic

(d) Gloomy

184. Liberty

(a) Freedom

(b) Equality

(c) Charity

(d) Democracy

185. Blister

(a) Chatter

(b) Travel

(c) Attack

(d) Wound

186. Trauma

(a) Accident

(b) Art form

(c) Type of medicine

(d) Emotional shock

187. Fabulous

(a) Beautiful

(b) Marvellous

(c) Interesting

(d) Charming

188. Creditable

(a) Sincere

(b) blameworthy

(c) Benevolent

(d) Welcome

189. Pious

(a) Religious

(b) Sympathetic

(c) Afraid

(d) Faithful

190. Abandon

(a) Forsake

(b) Keep

(c) Cherish

(d) Enlarge

191. Intimidate

(a) Calm down

(b) View

(c) Leave

(d) Frighten

192. Audacious

(a) Brilliant

(b) Powerful

(c) Bold

(d) Frightening

193. Perilous

(a) Hazardous

(b) Rigorous

(c) Resilient

(d) Requisite

194. Reverie

(a) Determination

(b) Day-dream

(c) Reality

(d) Realization

195. Genial

(a) Cordial

(b) Unselfish

(c) Careful

(d) Specific

196. Accrue

(a) Accumulate

(b) Accommodate

(c) Grow

(d) Suffice

197. Loquacious

(a) Talkative

(b) Slow

(c) Content

(d) Unclear

198. Vindictiv

(a) Imaginative

(b) Accusative

(c) Spiteful

(d) Aggressive

199. Inclement

(a) Selfish

(b) rainy

(c) Unfavourable

(d) Inactive

200. Hostility

(a) Illness

(b) Enmity

(c) Disturbance

(d) Derogatory

201. Indifferent

(a) Dissimilar

(b) Various

(c) Interference

(d) Unconcerned

202. Defect

(a) Loss

(b) Harm

(c) Shortcoming

(d) Delicate

203. Weary

(a) Careless

(b) Shivering

(c) Troubled

(d) Weak

204. Despondent

(a) Deserted

(b) Dejected

(c) Rejected

(d) Repentant

205. Aversion

(a) Aggression

(b) Assertion

(c) Dislike

(d) Impudence

206. Swap

(a) Snap

(b) Exchange

(c) Break

(d) Exclude

207. Prudent

(a) Wise

(b) Cunning

(c) Boorish

(d) friendly

(c) Frank

(d) Severe

222. Prevent

(a) Protect

(b) Black

208. Culmination

(a) Conclusion

(b) Climate

(c) Hinder

(d) Induce

(c) Abyss

(d) Cultivation

223. Plausible

(a) credulous

(b) Unwise

209. Deceptive

(a) Disagreeable

(b) Misleading

(c) believable

(d) Displausible

(c) Mistake

(d) Debatable

224. Frailty

(a) Energy

(b) Intensity

210. Palpable

(a) Obvious

(b) Immense

(c) Vehemence

(d) ill health

(c) Sufficient

(d) Hidden

225. panache

(a) Spreading outward

(b) Inability

211. Sauntering

(a) Jogging

(b) Brisk walking

(c) Spotlight

(d) flair

(c) Travelling

(d) Strolling

226. Collapse

(a) Rise

(b) Handicap

212. Pompous

(a) Grandiose

(b) Polished

(c) Crush

(d) Crumble

(c) Modest

(d) Skilled

227. Dormant

(a) lethargic

(b) Active

213. Poignant

(a) Showy

(b) Sad

(c) Able

(d) Ablaze

(c) Silly

(d) Snobbish

228. Anxious

(a) uneasy

(b) Light

214. Cantankerous

(a) Critical

(b) Curious

(c) Carefree

(d) Careless

(c) Quarrelsome

(d) Ambiguous

229. obscure

(a) Plain

(b) hazy

215. Rapidly

(a) Lazily

(b) Swiftly

(c) Clear

(d) Dull

(c) Slowly

(d) Firmly

230. Thrifty

(a) Clean

(b) prudent

216. Extol

(a) Heckle

(b) Censure

(c) Wasteful

(d) Reverent

(c) Hate

(d) praise

231. improbable

(a) dubious

(b) extra Ordinary

217. formulate

(a) Liberate

(b) Break

(c) Classic

(d) Rational

(c) Emancipate

(d) compose

232. Innovative

(a) noval

(b) naval

218. Terminate

(a) Hasten

(b) Depart

(c) novel

(d) Copy

(c) conclude

(d) Change

233. Asceticism

(a) simplicity

(b) Luxury

219. Successor

(a) Failure

(b) heir

(c) Anti-semitism

(d) Humility

(c) Predecessor

(d) Predator

234. Enduring

(a) Fleeting

(b) Painful

220. Demolish

(a) Shift

(b) Build

(c) Permanent

(d) Long lasting

(c) Raze

(d) Hide

235. Dissolution

(a) Retribution

(b) Establishment

221. Genial

(a) Stupid

(b) Stingy

(c) Persuasion

(d) Compliance

236. Progressive

- (a) Repressive (b) Retrogressive
(c) Repulsive (d) mounting

237. panic-stricken

- (a) Confident (b) Nervous
(c) Hopeful (d) Anxious

238. Vague

- (a) Unclear (b) Sharp
(c) Precise (d) Actual

239. Harmony

- (a) Disagreement (b) Melody
(c) Confusion (d) Concord

240. Purposely

- (a) Half-heartedly (b) Timidly
(c) intentionally (d) Hesitatingly

241. blameworthy

- (a) Innocent (b) guilty
(c) Irreverent (d) Immature

242. courageous

- (a) Sorry (b) Bold
(c) Timid (d) Boisterous

243. Duplicity

- (a) Complexity (b) dishonesty
(c) Serenity (d) Originality

244. obscure

- (a) Brilliant (b) Bright
(c) opaque (d) Lustrous

245. Jocular

- (a) Merry (b) Morose
(c) funny (d) Juggler

246. Hinder

- (a) Encourage (b) Acknowledge
(c) Prohibit (d) Instruct

247. Uncompromising

- (a) Courteous (b) Flexible
(c) Adamant (d) Soft

248. Zeal

- (a) fervor (b) Apathy
(c) Carelessness (d) Hatred

249. Desecration

- (a) Consecration (b) sacrilege
(c) Despondency (d) Expectation

250. Shimmering

- (a) Gloomy (b) Glimmering
(c) Refreshing (d) Repining

Which of these words nearly the opposite of the word provided?

1. withdraw

a. reduce

b. need

c. advance

d. want

2. secret

a. friendly

b. covert

c. hidden

d. overt

3. heartfelt

a. loving

b. insincere

c. unhealthy

d. humorous

4. impartial

a. hostile

b. biased

c. dislike

d. worried

5. luminous

a. clear

b. dim

c. brittle

d. clever

6. awe

a. borrow

b. shallow

c. low



d. contempt

7. pit

a. mound

b. peak

c. select

d. marry

8. rotund

a. round

b. unimportant

c. thin

d. dull

9. talent

a. ungrateful

b. silent

c. show

d. inability

10. common

a. strange

b. uneasy

c. quick

d. fast

11. brazen

a. bashful

b. boisterous

c. noisy

d. heated

12. expect

a. attend

b. regret

c. despair

d. loathe

13. malodorous

a. acrid

b. pungent

c. fragrant

d. delicious

14. expound

a. besmirch

b. confuse

c. confine

d. condemn

15. pique

a. value

b. gully

c. smooth

d. soothe

16. abate

a. free

b. augment

c. provoke

d. wane

17. dearth

a. lack

b. poverty

c. abundance

d. foreign

18. peaked

a. tired

b. arrogant

c. pointy

d. ruddy

19. abridge

a. shorten

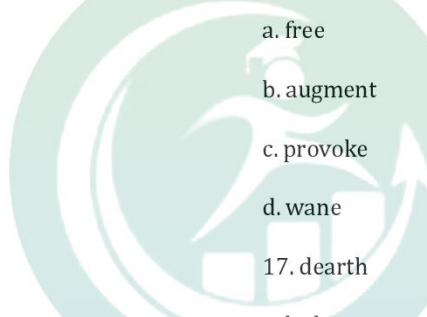
b. extend

c. stress

d. easy

TEACHERS' VISION

WAY TO GOVERNMENT JOBS



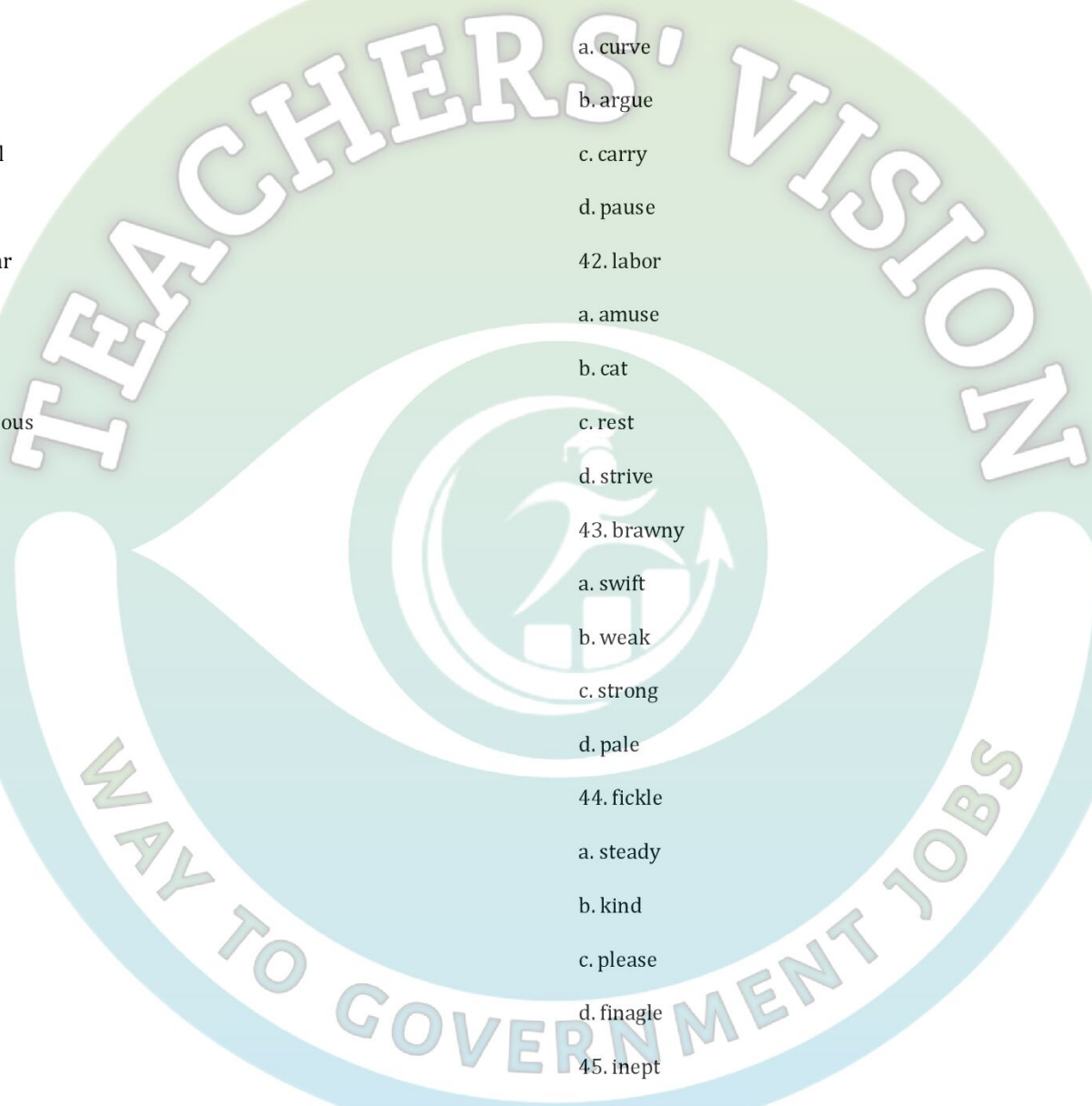
- 20. kindle
- a. smother
- b. detest
- c. enemy
- d. discourage
- 21. meager
- a. kind
- b. generous
- c. thoughtful
- d. copious
- 22. philistine
- a. novice
- b. intellectual
- c. pious
- d. debutante
- 23. zenith
- a. worst
- b. apex
- c. nadir
- d. past
- 24. germane
- a. irrelevant
- b. indifferent
- c. impartial
- d. improvident
- 25. irascible
- a. determined
- b. placid
- c. reasonable
- d. pliant
- 26. approbate
- a. ingratitude
- b. condemn

- c. dissatisfaction
- d. master
- 27. supercilious
- a. unimportant
- b. relevant
- c. serious
- d. meek
- 28. yield
- a. succumb
- b. submit
- c. admit
- d. struggle
- 29. improvident
- a. cautious
- b. fortunate
- c. proven
- d. intelligent
- 30. Demure
- a. embrace
- b. crude
- c. boisterous
- d. falter
- 31. fatuous
- a. crafty
- b. frugal
- c. sensible
- d. inane
- 32. quiescent
- a. lackadaisical
- b. active
- c. dull
- d. prescient
- 33. sartorial



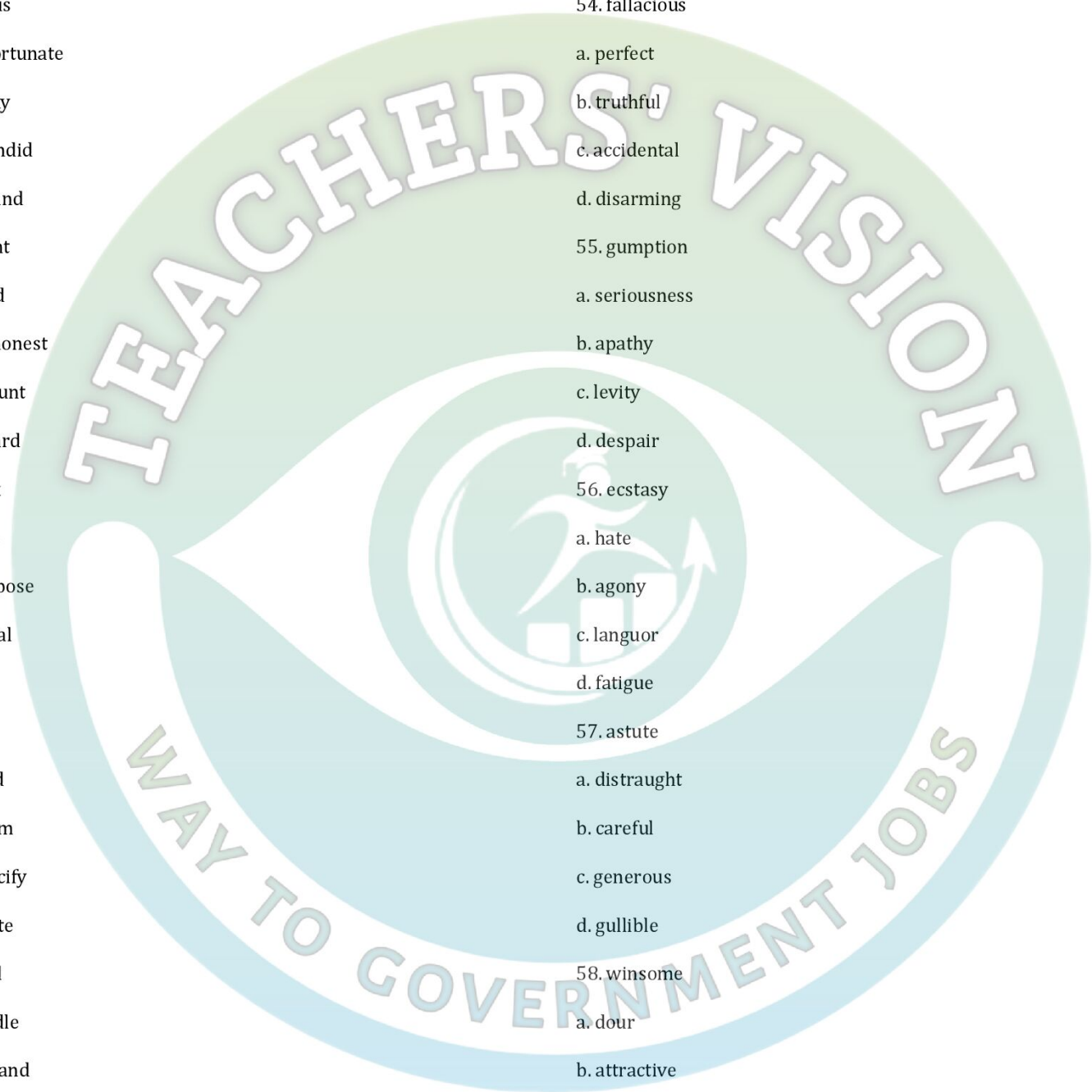
- a. cheerful
- b. sincere
- c. inelegant
- d. homespun
- 34. sapient
- a. hunched
- b. strong
- c. simple
- d. simian
- 35. matutinal
- a. paternal
- b. crepuscular
- c. maritime
- d. marsupial
- 36. impecunious
- a. wealthy
- b. cautious
- c. hungry
- d. tardy
- 37. detain
- a. release
- b. silence
- c. forget
- d. prosper
- 38. famous
- a. boring
- b. poor
- c. obscure
- d. untalented
- 39. colossal
- a. easy
- b. tiny
- c. graceful

- d. roof
- 40. fluid
- a. solid
- b. liquid
- c. afraid
- d. decent
- 41. continue
- a. curve
- b. argue
- c. carry
- d. pause
- 42. labor
- a. amuse
- b. cat
- c. rest
- d. strive
- 43. brawny
- a. swift
- b. weak
- c. strong
- d. pale
- 44. fickle
- a. steady
- b. kind
- c. please
- d. finagle
- 45. inept
- a. clumsy
- b. infer
- c. competent
- d. foolish
- 46. pivotal
- a. turning



- b. wavy
- c. unimportant
- d. clear
- 47. cursed
- a. swore
- b. pious
- c. unfortunate
- d. lucky
- 48. candid
- a. unkind
- b. blunt
- c. valid
- d. dishonest
- 49. flaunt
- a. regard
- b. sink
- c. hide
- d. propose
- 50. heal
- a. sew
- b. foot
- c. good
- d. maim
- 51. pacify
- a. excite
- b. land
- c. coddle
- d. unhand
- 52. sullen
- a. dirty
- b. cheerful
- c. clean
- d. risen

- 53. assure
- a. alarm
- b. reassure
- c. quiet
- d. unsure
- 54. fallacious
- a. perfect
- b. truthful
- c. accidental
- d. disarming
- 55. gumption
- a. seriousness
- b. apathy
- c. levity
- d. despair
- 56. ecstasy
- a. hate
- b. agony
- c. languor
- d. fatigue
- 57. astute
- a. distraught
- b. careful
- c. generous
- d. gullible
- 58. winsome
- a. dour
- b. attractive
- c. mysterious
- d. clever
- 59. droll
- a. forget
- b. charm



c. sedate

d. absurd

60. enigmatic

a. healthy

b. watchful

c. disastrous

d. obvious

61. obtuse

a. slim

b. acute

c. opaque

d. thick

62. obsequious

a. clear

b. clever

c. domineering

d. dandified

63. doleful

a. empty

b. rich

c. witty

d. vivacious

64. wanton

a. merciful

b. repast

c. brilliant

d. vicious

65. banal

a. sincere

b. wealthy

c. extraordinary

d. trustworthy

66. lugubrious

a. quick

b. cheerful

c. salubrious

d. dry

67. perspicacious

a. calm

b. easy

c. dull

d. winsome

68. Élan

a. elegance

b. stupidity

c. obscure

d. despair

69. recondite

a. manifest

b. flexible

c. provident

d. sociable

70. gainsay

a. regret

b. own

c. agree

d. prude

71. effluvium

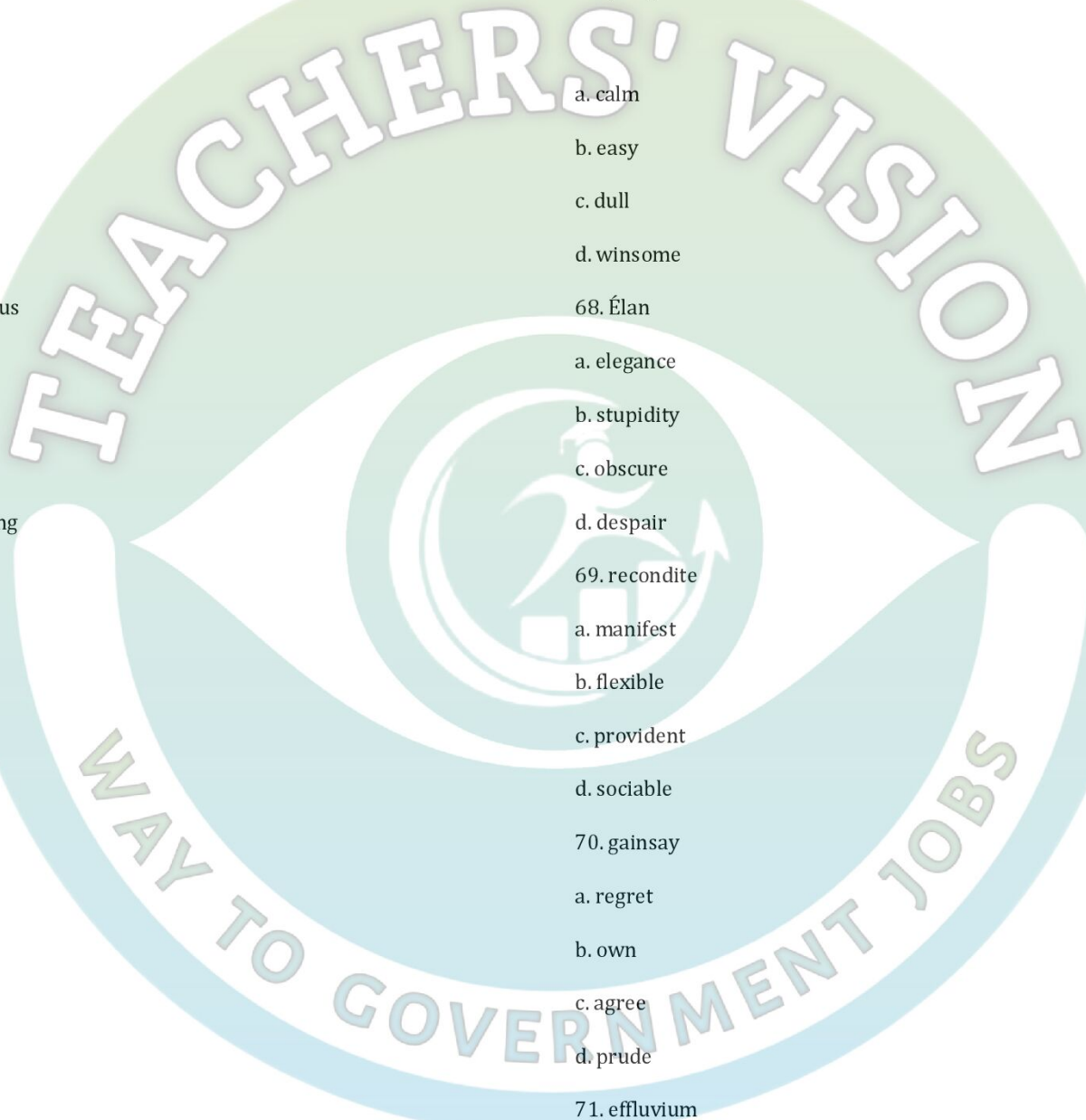
a. land

b. essential

c. fragrance

d. solid

72. parsimony



a. generosity

b. sinfulness

c. verbosity

d. tenderness

73. truculent

a. faltering

b. fable

c. facile

d. submissive

74. spurious

a. disingenuous

b. thoughtless

c. placid

d. genuine

75. welter

a. order

b. freeze

c. patron

d. sustain

76. eclat

a. apathy

b. dullness

c. silence

d. disinterest

77. exact

a. join

b. sympathetic

c. incorrect

d. whole

78. extravagant

a. unknown

b. homebody

c. punctual

d. moderate

79. stamina

a. weakness

b. clear

c. decisive

d. calmness

80. rough

a. tumble

b. sleek

c. fast

d. distant

81. garner

a. unravel

b. mar

c. squander

d. tarnish

82. prodigal

a. thrifty

b. secondary

c. distant

d. squalid

83. tacit

a. grand

b. dictated

c. illicit

d. messy

84. repudiate

a. argue

b. soften

c. slander

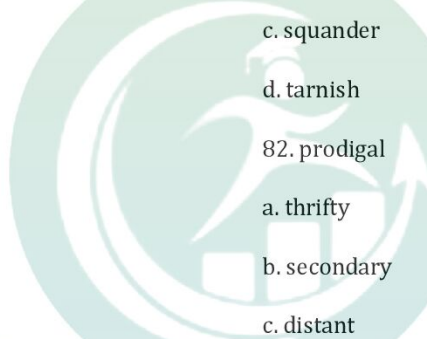
d. admit

85. pristine

a. free

TEACHERS' VISION

WAY TO GOVERNMENT JOBS



- b. sullied
- c. wide
- d. thorough

86. concede

- a. sit
- b. withstand
- c. dismiss
- d. elaborate

87. placate

- a. appease
- b. strip
- c. tremendous
- d. enrage

88. trendy

- a. empty
- b. uncommon
- c. famous
- d. feisty

89. felicitous

- a. morbid
- b. boorish
- c. inopportune
- d. delightful

90. austere

- a. lavish
- b. unfavorable
- c. light
- d. devout

91. insipid

- a. cold
- b. brave
- c. exciting
- d. bashful

92. wastrel

- a. sober
- b. spendthrift
- c. mute
- d. miser

93. temperate

- a. Celsius
- b. inordinate
- c. lukewarm
- d. safely

94. nebulous

- a. cloudy
- b. dim
- c. visible
- d. desirable

95. adroit

- a. clumsy
- b. left
- c. diplomatic
- d. unpersuasive

96. mite

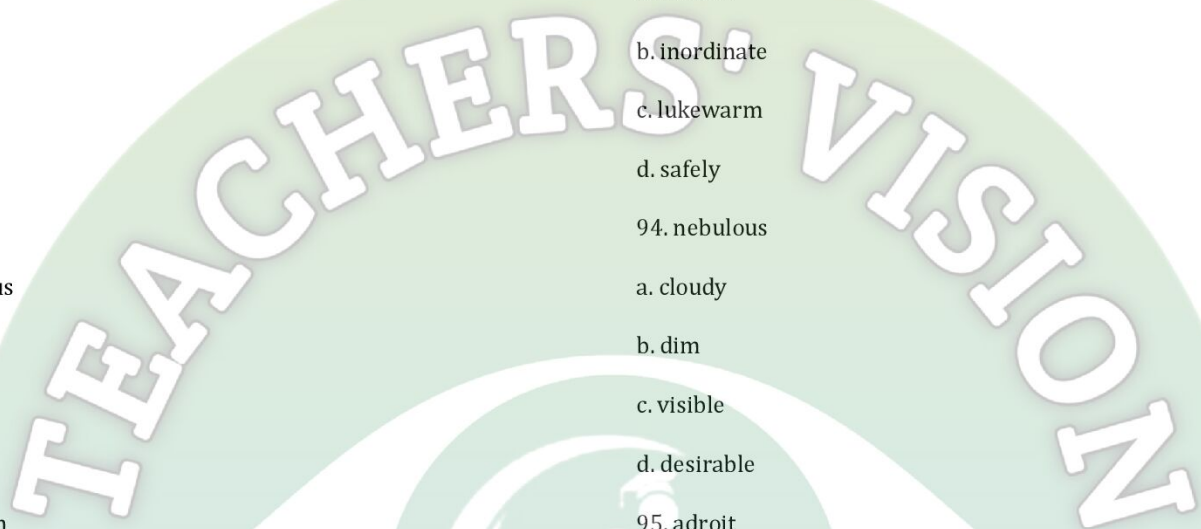
- a. weakness
- b. tend
- c. bulk
- d. drive

97. supernal

- a. nocturnal
- b. special
- c. despicable
- d. hellish

98. reprobate

- a. sage
- b. elevated



c. possess

d. dismiss

99. specious

a. genuine

b. logical

c. common

d. deliberate

100. effete

a. conquer

b. proper

c. prosperous

d. civilized

101. rabble

a. order

b. clear

c. open

d. union

102. protean

a. unformed

b. unchanging

c. elaborate

d. selective

103. vertiginous

a. horizontal

b. litigious

c. constant

d. lowly

104. parvenu

a. wallflower

b. highway

c. melody

d. plan

105. lapidarian

a. square

b. secular

c. pasture

d. inelegant

106. permanent

a. loose

b. fierce

c. fleeting

d. unhappy

107. Attain

a. crave

b. lose

c. harbor

d. credit

d. purify

108. belittle

a. plain

b. detract

c. magnify

d. torment

109. tedious

a. unwavering

b. frightening

c. horrible

d. pleasurable

110. license

a. restriction

b. allow

c. join

d. gather

111. frivolous

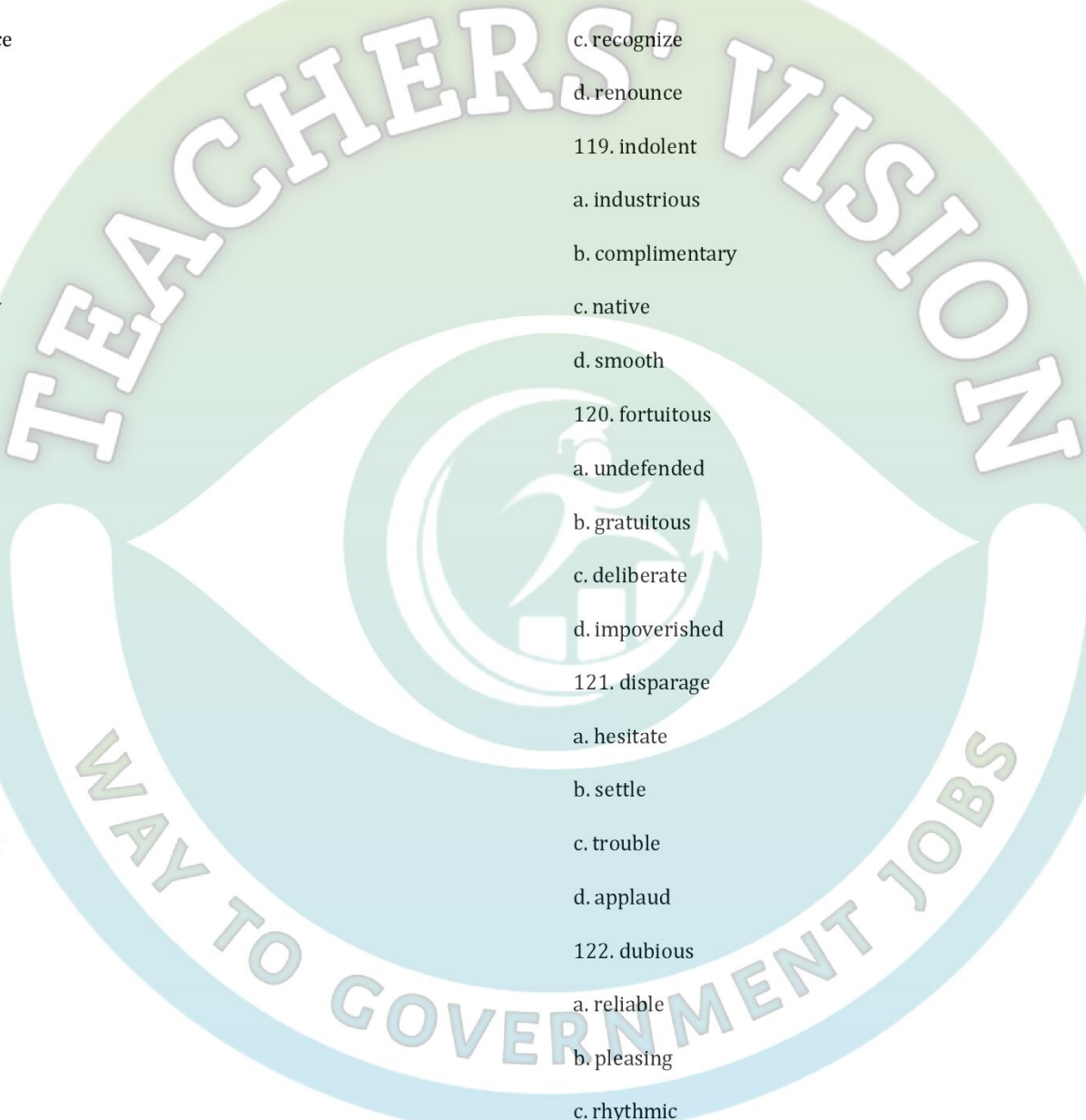
a. pious

b. inexpensive



c. serious
d. contemptuous
112. plain
a. meadow
b. ugly
c. lovely
d. unadorned
113. denounce
a. covet
b. condemn
c. blame
d. deplore
114. contrary
a. urbane
b. agreeable
c. unpleasant
d. despicable
115. glower
a. prairie
b. smile
c. raise
d. throw
115. exacting
a. upright
b. lenient
c. sober
d. general
116. curtail
a. remain
b. detain
c. placate
d. prolong
117. eminent

a. imminent
b. obscure
c. retire
d. unsure
118. abdicate
a. deny
b. usurer
c. recognize
d. renounce
119. indolent
a. industrious
b. complimentary
c. native
d. smooth
120. fortuitous
a. undefended
b. gratuitous
c. deliberate
d. impoverished
121. disparage
a. hesitate
b. settle
c. trouble
d. applaud
122. dubious
a. reliable
b. pleasing
c. rhythmic
d. careful
123. interdict
a. continue
b. abstain
c. wallow



d. sanction

124. mendacious

a. bashful

b. capacious

c. veracious

d. quiet

125. lassitude

a. release

b. demure

c. fatigue

d. vigor

126. verdant

a. dishonest

b. suspicious

c. moldy

d. arid

127. ductile

a. unfeeling

b. arrogant

c. precious

d. rigid

128. asperity

a. moistness

b. amenity

c. sour

d. generosity

129. epicurean

a. ascetic

b. slovenly

c. imprecision

d. providential

130. traduce

a. deduce

b. laud

c. presuppose

d. converge

131. bridle

a. heckle

b. dissuade

c. vent

d. persist

132. spare

a. rotund

b. pacify

c. impolite

d. impose

133. proclivity

a. calm

b. antipathy

c. desire

d. dearth

134. vituperation

a. alacrity

b. alertness

c. reparation

d. acclaim

135. gambol

a. trudge

b. hedge

c. crone

d. misplace

136. quixotic

a. simple

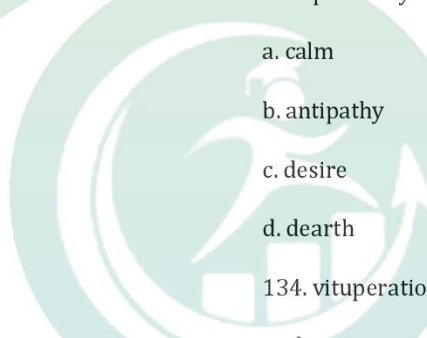
b. staid

c. passe

d. unpredictable

TEACHERS' VISION

WAY TO GOVERNMENT JOBS



137. lachrymose

- a. quick
- b. loquacious
- c. blithe
- d. plentiful

138. prudent

- a. simple
- b. rapid
- c. foolish
- d. verbose

139. forced

- a. quick
- b. solid
- c. trusting
- d. natural

140. benign

- a. malignant
- b. converse
- c. cautious
- d. malicious

141. foster

- a. discourage
- b. believe
- c. heal
- d. brag

142. ample

- a. complete
- b. insufficient
- c. quiet
- d. supple

143. deviant

- a. winding
- b. careful

c. normal

d. sad

144. abolish

- a. vote
- b. punish
- c. avoid

d. establish

145. forsake

- a. craft
- b. embrace
- c. shun
- d. infer

146. tractable

- a. invisible
- b. stubborn
- c. unadvisable
- d. special

147. dexterous

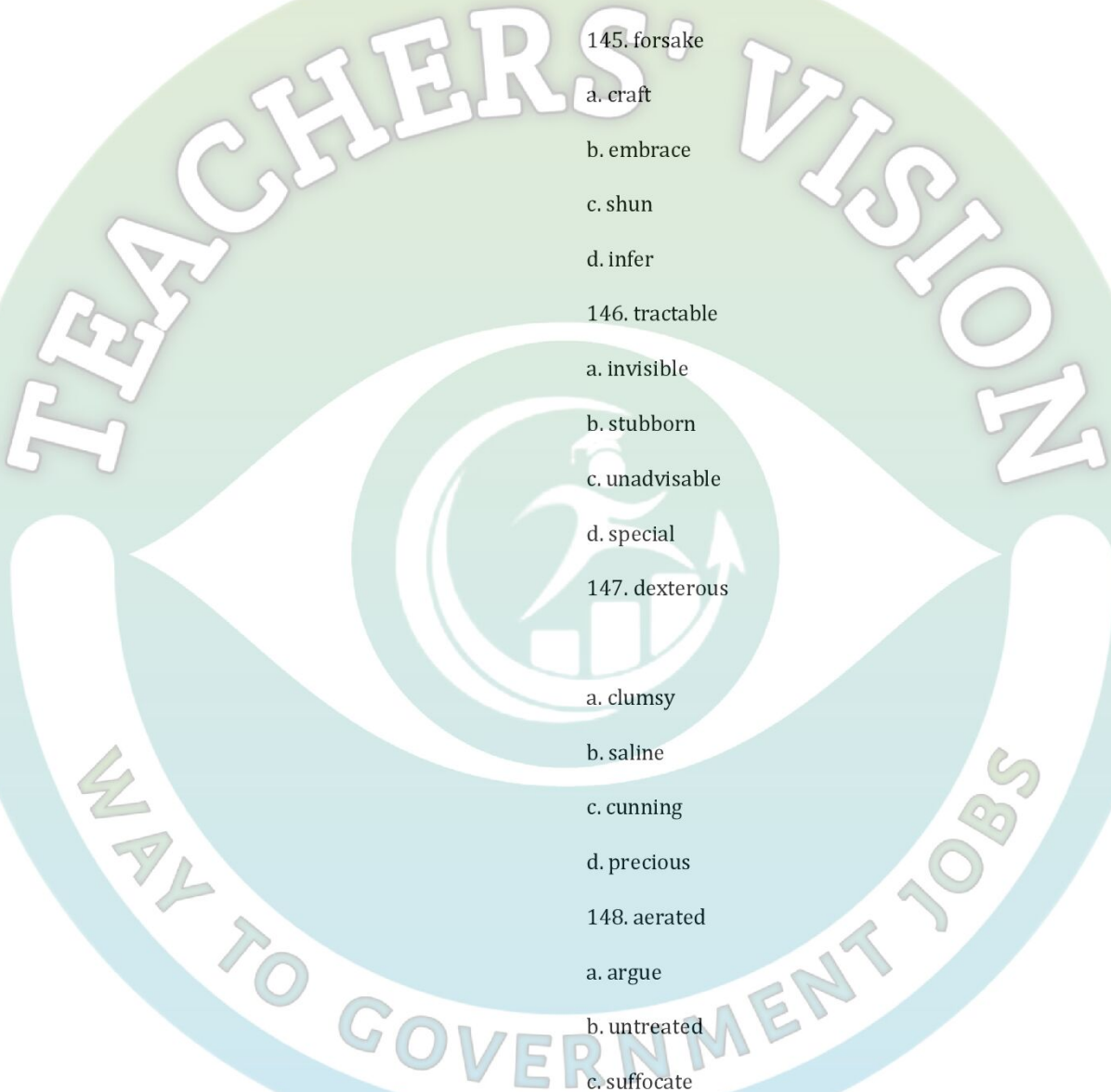
- a. clumsy
- b. saline
- c. cunning
- d. precious

148. aerated

- a. argue
- b. untreated
- c. suffocate
- d. destroy

149. venerable

- a. impervious
- b. constant
- c. sophomoric



d. infirm

150. rancor

a. ritual

b. argument

c. collect

d. accord

151. daunt

a. calm

b. believe

c. inspire

d. dispel

152. paucity

a. excess

b. certainty

c. timidity

d. beauty

153. heedless

a. heartless

b. attentive

c. speedy

154. abound

a. rest

b. discourage

c. bless

d. dwindle

155. confederate

a. split

b. confuse

c. wander

d. cluster

156. resplendent

a. illuminated

b. disarming

c. dowdy

d. delightful

157. onerous

a. permissive

b. easy

c. unforgiving

d. public

158. sagacity

a. incredulity

b. belligerence

c. stupidity

d. tolerance

159. dilettante

a. puritan

b. professional

c. aesthete

d. conniver

160. unalloyed

a. dismayed

b. impure

c. circumspect

d. disastrous

161. banner

a. forgettable

b. casual

c. unrestrained

d. unwitting

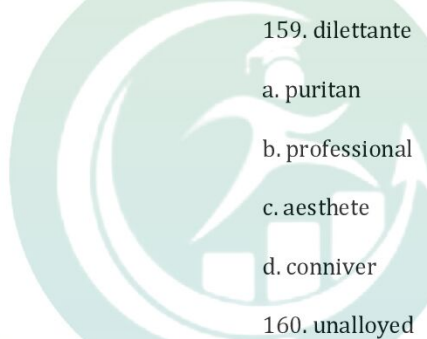
162. discolored

a. calculated

b. measured

TEACHERS' VISION

WAY TO GOVERNMENT JOBS



c. inclined

d. shod

163. scurrilous

a. honest

b. decent

c. peaceful

d. satisfactory

164. Pulchritudinous

a. pacifist

b. rare

c. smooth

d. unsightly

165. dyspeptic

a. trusting

b. functional

c. euphoric

d. talented

166. reliction

a. dedication

b. demolition

c. flood

d. problem

167. villenage

a. nobility

b. lineage

c. directness

d. dullness

168. craven

a. stalwart

b. release

c. distinguished

d. comfortable

169. prolix

a. brief

b. exquisite

c. reasonable

d. distinct

170. lambent

a. praise

b. present

c. dull

d. rough

.

171. dormant

a. clever

b. active

c. dreamy

d. invisible

172. procrastinate

a. lengthen

b. soothe

c. hurry

d. demolish

173. docile

a. intelligent

b. unruly

c. unreachable

d. pale

174. impromptu

a. rehearsed

b. bizarre

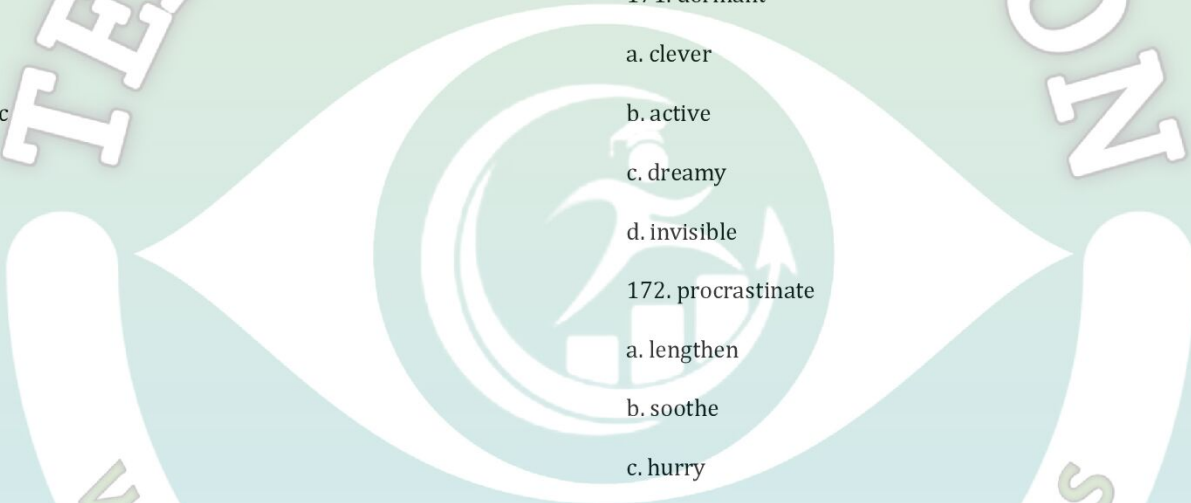
c. foolish

d. disarming

175. denigrate

TEACHERS' VISION

WAY TO GOVERNMENT JOBS



a. blame

b. hide

c. query

d. uphold

176. bent

a. curved

b. disinclination

c. careful

d. lustrous

177. solvent

a. soggy

b. confusing

c. broke

d. critical

178. disconsolate

a. joyful

b. inhospitable

c. anguished

d. rude

179. brusque

a. cold

b. opulent

c. gracious

d. suspect

180. callow

a. kind

b. urbane

c. sensitive

d. gentle

181. countenance

a. force

b. genuine

c. deny

d. verify

182. cachet

a. release

b. explanation

c. thinness

d. ignominy

183 evince

a. convince

b. hallow

c. hide

d. interpret

184 vainglorious

a. horrible

b. fierce

c. greedy

d. modest

185. iniquitous

a. virtuous

b. complacent

c. equal

d. virulent

186. obstreperous

a. short

b. tame

c. strict

d. distant

187. ebullient

a. aggressive

b. acrid

c. unjust

d. glum

188. halcyon

a. obtrusive



- b. advanced
c. tempestuous
d. unscientific
189. imprimatur
a. servant
b. teacher
c. disapproval
d. rustic
190. odium
a. fragrance
b. ease
c. admiration
d. trust
191. mephitic
a. honest
b. healthy
c. simple
d. rural
192. Platitude
a. common
b. extraordinary
c. confounded
d. cliché
193. facultative
a. compulsory
b. insipid
c. pending
d. decisive
194. persiflage
a. coddle
b. admiration
c. silence
d. clarity

195. Abandon

- (a) Assert
(b) Retain
(c) Produce
(d) Twist

196. Assent

- (a) Breakdown
(b) Misunderstand
(c) Dispatch
(d) Disagreement

197. Fickle

- (a) Constant
(b) Convenient
(c) Questionable
(d) Faithful

198. Discreet

- (a) Worthy
(b) Wishful thinking
(c) Honest
(d) Careless in behaviour

199. Articulate

- (a) Unable to understand
(b) Unable to express oneself
(c) Unable to agree
(d) Unable to live

200. Unjust

- (a) Serious
(b) Self-centred
(c) Fair-minded
(d) Considerable

201. Humble

- (a) Rich
(b) Powerful
(c) Haughty
(d) Strong

202. Exemptions

- (a) Generalisation
(b) Liberalisation
(c) Exclusions
(d) Inclusions

203. Prominent

- (a) Unknown
(b) Treason
(c) Loyalty
(d) Distrust

204. Alleviate

- (a) Intensity
(b) Magnify
(c) Mitigate
(d) Aggravate

205. Disperse

- (a) Converge
(b) Smile
(c) Dispense
(d) Sing

206. Ambiguous

- (a) Truthful
(b) Lucid
(c) Logical
(d) Systematic

207. Hilarious

- (a) Unworthy
(b) Unpleasant
(c) Ill-fated
(d) Serious

208. Tolerance

TEACHER'S VISION

WAY TO GOVERNMENT JOBS

- (a) Loathing
- (b) Brawl
- (c) Plea
- (d) Forbid

209. Steadfast

- (a) Staunch
- (b) Feeble
- (c) Faint
- (d) Wavering

210. Conceited

- (a) Proud
- (b) Honest
- (c) Modest
- (d) Modern

211. Deterrent

- (a) Determinant
- (b) Detriment
- (c) Encouragement
- (d) Enrichment

212. Spurious

- (a) Truthful
- (b) Authentic
- (c) Credible
- (d) Original

213. Slander

- (a) Gain
- (b) Profit
- (c) Praise
- (d) Loss

214. Reveal

- (a) Appeal
- (b) Relax
- (c) Recover
- (d) Conceal

215. Admonish

- (a) Condemn
- (b) Bless
- (c) Praise
- (d) Congratulate

216. Adulation

- (a) Flattery
- (b) Encomium
- (c) Confession
- (d) Condemnation

217. Affirmation

- (a) Denial
- (b) Refusal
- (c) Opposition
- (d) Obstruction

218. Affluent

- (a) Poor
- (b) Ordinary
- (c) Infamous
- (d) Backward

219. Agony

- (a) Ecstasy
- (b) Laughter
- (c) Humdrum
- (d) Empathy

220. Appalling

- (a) Shocking
- (b) Consoling
- (c) Scaring
- (d) Horrifying

221. Candid

- (a) Frank
- (b) Diplomatic
- (c) Reserved

- (d) Impertinent

222. Comaraderies

- (a) Curiosity
- (b) Ferocity
- (c) Impetuosity
- (d) Animosity

223. Convicted

- (a) Charged
- (b) Relieved
- (c) Dismissed
- (d) Acquitted

224. Convoluted

- (a) Simple
- (b) Complicated
- (c) Difficult
- (d) Majestic

225. Curtail

- (a) Lengthen
- (b) Shorten
- (c) Entail
- (d) Close

226. Dense

- (a) Scarce
- (b) Slim
- (c) Sparse
- (d) Lean

227. Diminished

- (a) Created
- (b) Rose
- (c) Increased
- (d) Lessen

228. Ephemeral

- (a) Eternal
- (b) Transitory
- (c) Mortal
- (d) Temporal

229. Escalating

- (a) Fixed
- (b) Fluctuating
- (c) Falling
- (d) Reasonable

230. Esteem

- (a) Power
- (b) Guess
- (c) Contempt
- (d) Estimate

231. Exotic

- (a) Wonderful
- (b) Cosmopolitan
- (c) Irrelevant
- (d) Common

232. Fetter

- (a) Restore
- (b) Liberate
- (c) Exonerate
- (d) Distract

233. Flourish

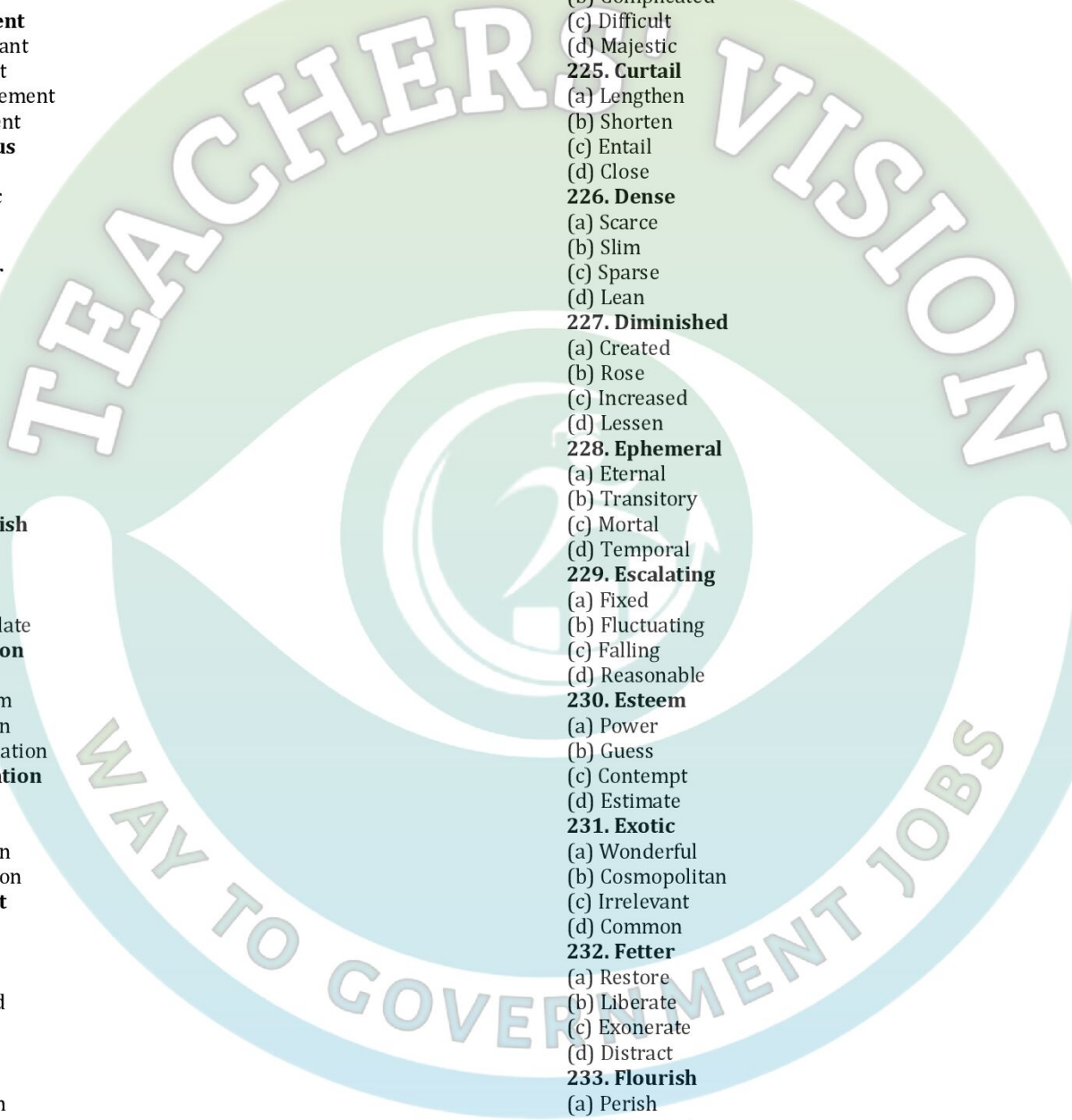
- (a) Perish
- (b) Degenerate
- (c) Decay
- (d) Dismiss

234. Futile

- (a) Waste
- (b) Expensive
- (c) Useful
- (d) Cheap

235. Garrulous

- (a) Vociferous



- (b) Eloquent
- (c) Taciturn
- (d) Vocal

236. Gratuitous

- (a) Uncharitable
- (b) Grand appearance
- (c) Warranted
- (d) Being grateful

237. In toto

- (a) Bluntly
- (b) Partially
- (c) Entirely
- (d) Strongly

238. Fleeting

- (a) Glossy
- (b) Perpetual
- (c) Aspiring
- (d) Sufficient

239. Inert

- (a) Active
- (b) Lazy
- (c) Strong
- (d) Resolute

240. Initial

- (a) Terminal
- (b) Commencing
- (c) Delayed
- (d) Disastrous

241. Intimidating

- (a) Authoritative
- (b) Casual
- (c) Non-serious
- (d) Friendly

242. Jest

- (a) Gravity
- (b) Grim
- (c) Genial
- (d) Sport

243. Latent

- (a) Unspoken
- (b) Later
- (c) Implicit
- (d) Obvious

244. Maladroit

- (a) Authoritative
- (b) Skilful
- (c) Maladjusted
- (d) Malevolent

245. Malevolence

- (a) Tenderness
- (b) Kindness
- (c) Benefiting
- (d) Indulgence

246. Malice

- (a) Sympathy
- (b) Goodwill
- (c) Friendship
- (d) Attraction

247. Monotonous

- (a) Disastrous
- (b) Terrifying
- (c) Terrible
- (d) Interesting

248. Obscene

- (a) Disobedient
- (b) Decent
- (c) Dislocate
- (d) Cautious

249. Opposed

- (a) Resistant
- (b) Against
- (c) Favouring
- (d) Similar

250. Ostracise

- (a) Amuse
- (b) Welcome
- (c) Entertain
- (d) Host

